

Appendix A Trip Rates Technical Note

TECHNICAL NOTE

Job Name: Chichester Area Transport Model (CATM)
Job No: 43682
Note No: 003
Date: July 2018
Prepared By: David Cope/Eleftherios Papathanasiadis
Subject: Development of Scenarios 1,2 and 3 Trip Matrices

Item	Subject
1.	<p>Introduction</p> <p>This note sets out further information on the TRICS trip rates to be used to determine the level of trips generated within the CATM Scenarios 1,2 and 3 models in respect of the strategic locations.</p>
2.	<p>Summary of Scenarios</p> <p>Three scenarios are to be modelled for the local plan assessment.</p> <p>Each of the three scenarios, represent a different level of dwellings per annum (dpa) for the identified strategic developments, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Scenario Test 1 – 600dpa ▪ Scenario Test 2 – 800dpa ▪ Scenario Test 3 – 1,000dpa
3.	<p>TRICS</p> <p>Overview</p> <p>For the 18 strategic development locations identified as part of the local plan, the trip rates were generated from the TRICS® 7.5.1 database. The methodology and assumptions used for the calculation of trip rates is summarised below. The identified trip rates were used to calculate the impact of each strategic development in terms of trip generation and hence inform the creation of the trip matrices for the three model scenarios.</p> <p>The region filter selection excluded Greater London, Wales, Scotland, Ireland and Northern Ireland for both the residential and the employment trip rate estimation.</p> <p>Only surveys conducted on a Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday in order to replicate better a typical working day were used in site selection.</p> <p>Residential Trip Rates</p> <p>For the residential strategic developments trip rate estimation, the Main Land Use category used was “Residential” with Sub Land Use “Houses Privately Owned”. The trip rates were calculated only for vehicles. The development locations were classed by location, such that two separate sets of trip rates were derived, one for “Edge of Town Centre” and the other for “Suburban Area”.</p> <p>The sites used in for each of the two selections are provided within Appendix A.</p>



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	The trip rates used for the residential development sites are summarized below. (trip rate/1 dwell)																																													
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	A GIS drawing with the location of the development sites is included in Appendix B .																																													
	The TRICS outputs are attached in Appendix C .																																													

DOCUMENT ISSUE RECORD

Technical Note No	Rev	Date	Prepared	Checked	Reviewed (Discipline Lead)	Approved (Project Director)
43682/TN003		July 2018	E. Papathanasiadis	D. Cope/N. Moyo		

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Appendix A – TRICS Trip Rates for the Strategic Sites

Table 1: AM Peak (08:00 – 09:00) TRICS Trip Rates used for the Scenario Matrices

AM Peak (08:00 - 09:00)				
Strategic sites	Development Type	TRICS Area Definition	ARRIVALS TRIP RATES	DEPARTURES TRIP RATES
Chichester City (including Southern Gateway)	Residential	Edge of Town Centre	0.152	0.318
Tangmere	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Southbourne	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
East Wittering	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
South of Shopwyke	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Selsey	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Hambrook	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Fishbourne	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Broadbridge	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Hunston/North Mundham	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Donnington	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
West Wittering	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Westhampnett	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Birdham	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Boxgrove	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Loxwood	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Wisborough Green	Residential	Suburban Area	0.109	0.378
Sullivan's Yard Employment	Employment	Suburban Area	1.686	0.169

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Table 2: Inter Peak (10:00 – 16:00) TRICS Trip Rates used for the Scenario Matrices

Inter Peak (10:00 - 16:00)				
Strategic sites	Development Type	TRICS Area Definition	ARRIVALS TRIP RATES	DEPARTURES TRIP RATES
Chichester City (including Southern Gateway)	Residential	Edge of Town Centre	0.123	0.125
Tangmere	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Southbourne	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
East Wittering	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
South of Shopwyke	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Selsey	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Hambrook	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Fishbourne	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Broadbridge	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Hunston/North Mundham	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Donnington	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
West Wittering	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Westhampnett	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Birdham	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Boxgrove	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Loxwood	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Wisborough Green	Residential	Suburban Area	0.165	0.165
Sullivan's Yard Employment	Employment	Suburban Area	0.254	0.310



TECHNICAL NOTE

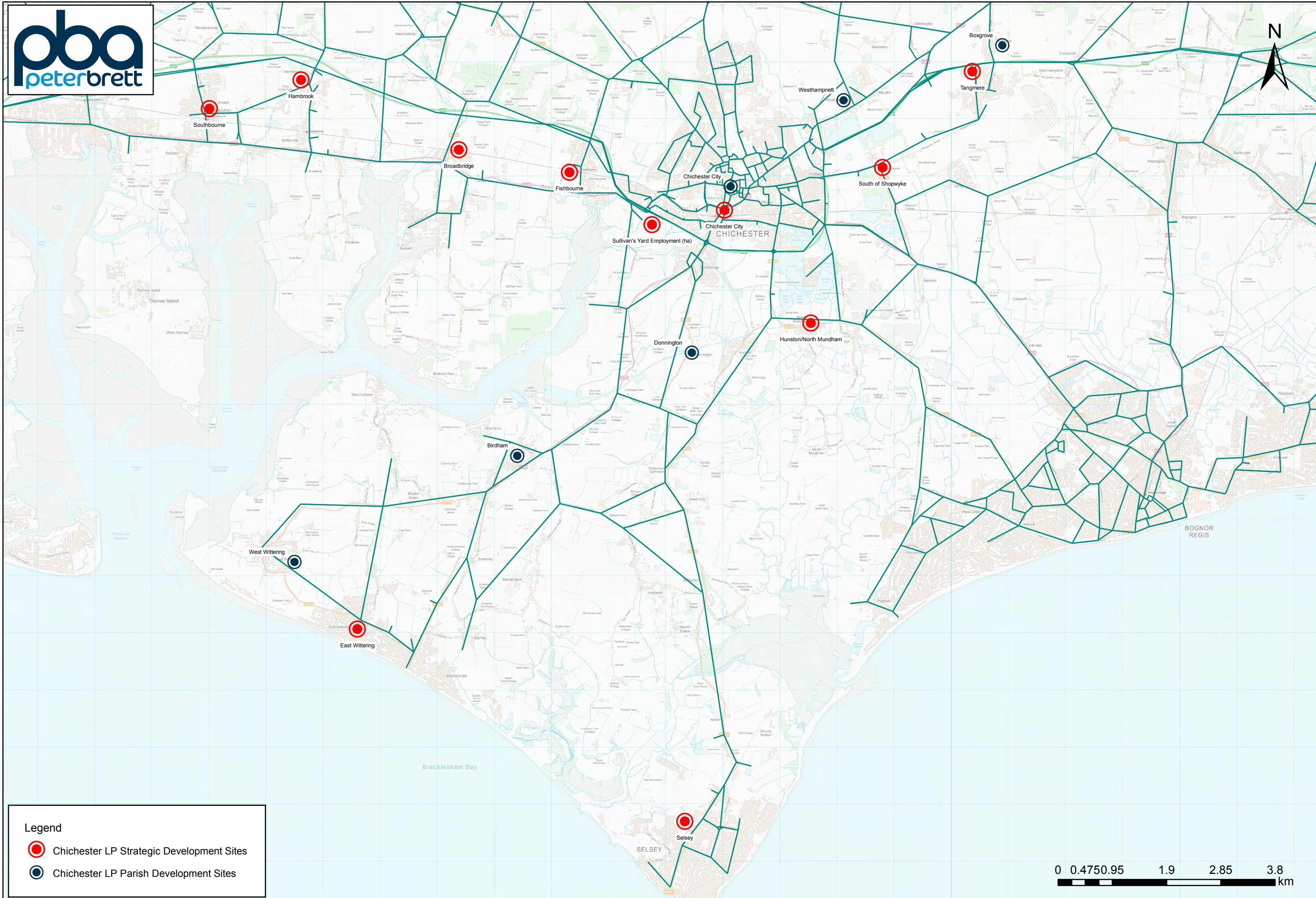
Table 3: PM Peak (17:00 – 18:00) TRICS Trip Rates used for the Scenario Matrices

PM Peak (17:00 - 18:00)				
Strategic sites	Development Type	TRICS Area Definition	ARRIVALS TRIP RATES	DEPARTURES TRIP RATES
Chichester City (including Southern Gateway)	Residential	Edge of Town Centre	0.220	0.195
Tangmere	Residential	Suburban Area	0.379	0.183
Southbourne	Residential	Suburban Area	0.379	0.183
East Wittering	Residential	Suburban Area	0.379	0.183
South of Shopwyke	Residential	Suburban Area	0.379	0.183
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Wisborough Green	Residential	Suburban Area	0.379	0.183
Sullivan's Yard Employment	Employment	Suburban Area	0.124	1.273





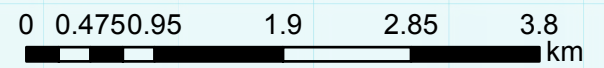
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Appendix B – Developments Location



Legend

-  Chichester LP Strategic Development Sites
-  Chichester LP Parish Development Sites



TECHNICAL NOTE

Appendix C – TRICS

Filtering Summary

Land Use	03/A	RESIDENTIAL/HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
Selected Trip Rate Calculation Parameter Range	6-1500 DWELLS	
Actual Trip Rate Calculation Parameter Range	47-180 DWELLS	
Date Range	Minimum: 01/01/10	Maximum: 27/11/17
Days of the week selected	Tuesday	3
Main Location Types selected	Edge of Town Centre	3
Population <1 Mile ranges selected	1,001 to 5,000	1
	10,001 to 15,000	2
Population <5 Mile ranges selected	5,001 to 25,000	3
Car Ownership <5 Mile ranges selected	0.6 to 1.0	1
	1.1 to 1.5	2
PTAL Rating	No PTAL Present	3

Calculation Reference: AUDIT-706701-180718-0708

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 03 - RESIDENTIAL
 Category : A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
 VEHICLES

Selected regions and areas:

07	YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE	
	NE NORTH EAST LINCOLNSHIRE	1 days
	NY NORTH YORKSHIRE	1 days
09	NORTH	
	CB CUMBRIA	1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

Secondary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter: Number of dwellings
 Actual Range: 47 to 180 (units:)
 Range Selected by User: 6 to 1500 (units:)

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/10 to 27/11/17

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

Tuesday 3 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:

Manual count 3 days
 Directional ATC Count 0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.

Selected Locations:

Edge of Town Centre 3

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Residential Zone 3

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:

C3 3 days

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Secondary Filtering selection (Cont.):

Population within 1 mile:

1,001 to 5,000	1 days
10,001 to 15,000	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:

5,001 to 25,000	3 days
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This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.6 to 1.0	1 days
1.1 to 1.5	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:

No	3 days
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This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:

No PTAL Present	3 days
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This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

Site(1):	CB-03-A-05	Site area:	1.51 hect
Development Name:	DETACHED/TERRACED HOUSING	Number of dwellings:	50
Location:	PENRITH	Housing density:	40
Postcode:	CA11 9HS	Total Bedrooms:	163
Main Location Type:	Edge of Town Centre	Survey Date:	21/06/16
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	117
Site(2):	NE-03-A-03	Site area:	8.00 hect
Development Name:	PRIVATE HOUSES	Number of dwellings:	180
Location:	SCUNTHORPE	Housing density:	
Postcode:	DN15 6BW	Total Bedrooms:	432
Main Location Type:	Edge of Town Centre	Survey Date:	20/05/14
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	482
Site(3):	NY-03-A-12	Site area:	0.82 hect
Development Name:	TOWN HOUSES	Number of dwellings:	47
Location:	NORTHALLERTON	Housing density:	68
Postcode:	DL7 8EY	Total Bedrooms:	122
Main Location Type:	Edge of Town Centre	Survey Date:	27/09/16
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	78

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
VEHICLES

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	3	92	0.043	3	92	0.177	3	92	0.220
08:00 - 09:00	3	92	0.152	3	92	0.318	3	92	0.470
09:00 - 10:00	3	92	0.155	3	92	0.112	3	92	0.267
10:00 - 11:00	3	92	0.087	3	92	0.097	3	92	0.184
11:00 - 12:00	3	92	0.119	3	92	0.105	3	92	0.224
12:00 - 13:00	3	92	0.130	3	92	0.134	3	92	0.264
13:00 - 14:00	3	92	0.105	3	92	0.119	3	92	0.224
14:00 - 15:00	3	92	0.112	3	92	0.134	3	92	0.246
15:00 - 16:00	3	92	0.184	3	92	0.159	3	92	0.343
16:00 - 17:00	3	92	0.217	3	92	0.148	3	92	0.365
17:00 - 18:00	3	92	0.220	3	92	0.195	3	92	0.415
18:00 - 19:00	3	92	0.134	3	92	0.162	3	92	0.296
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			1.658			1.860			3.518

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

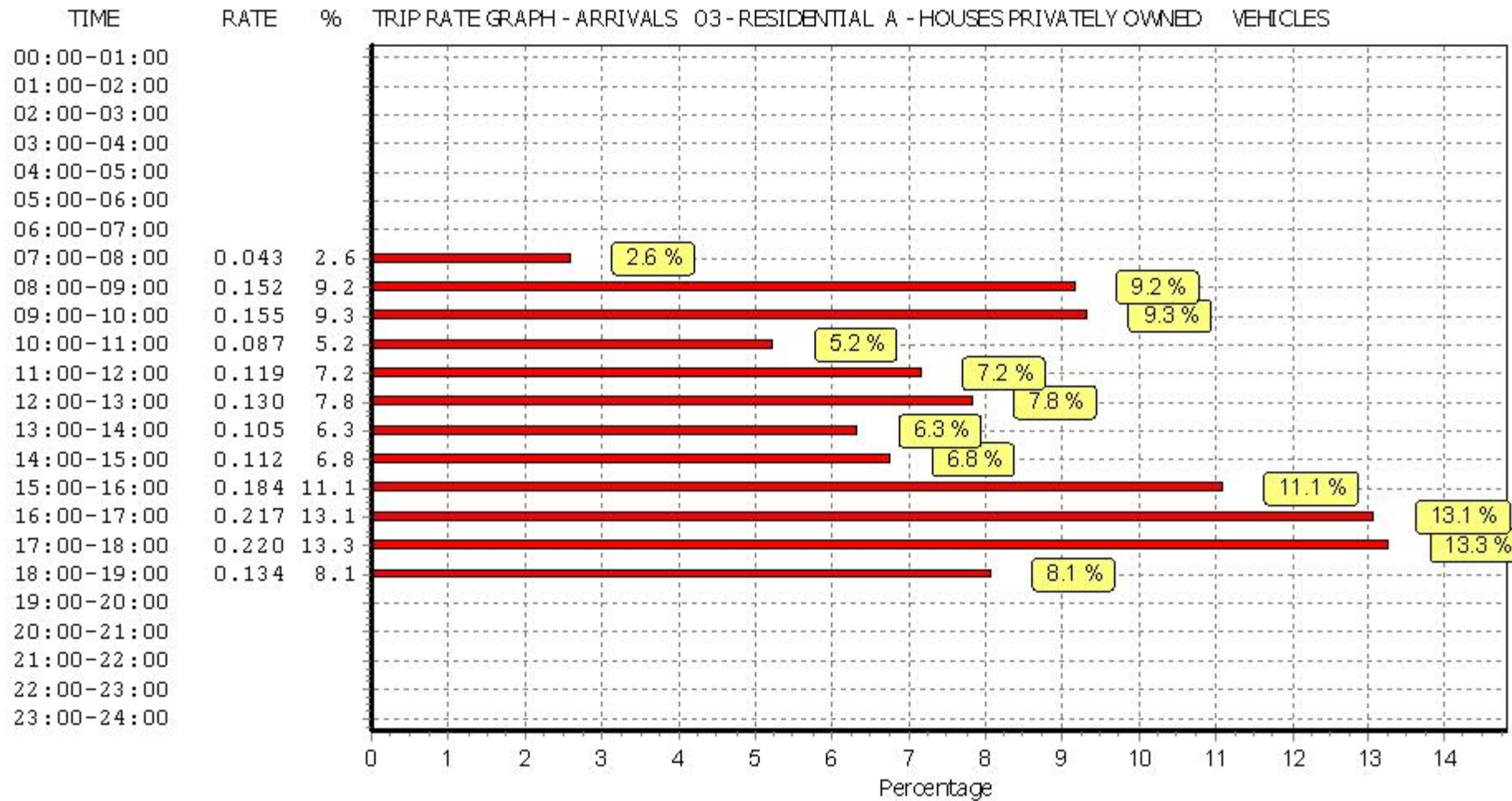
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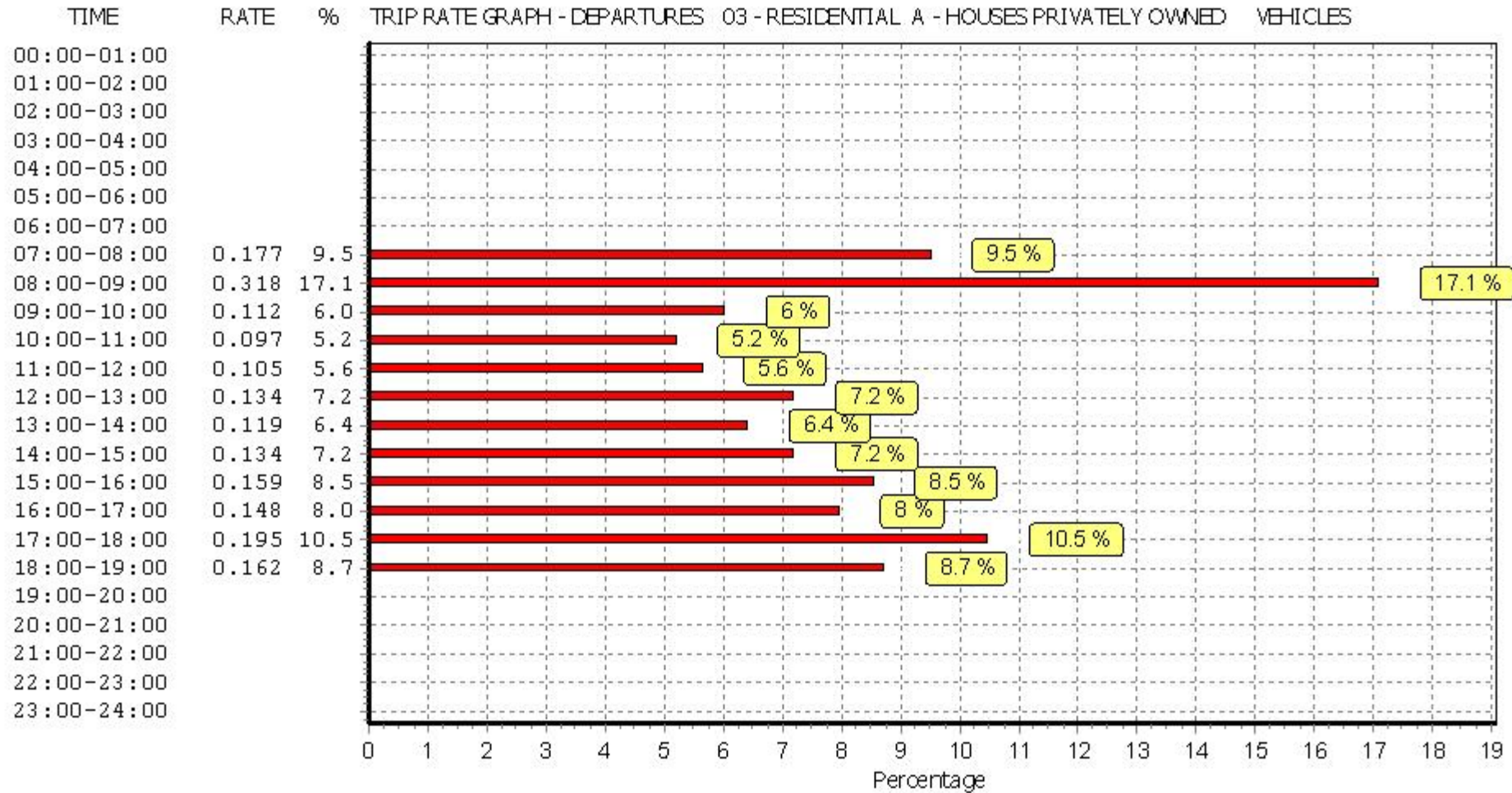
Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	47 - 180 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/10 - 27/11/17
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	3
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys automatically removed from selection:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	0

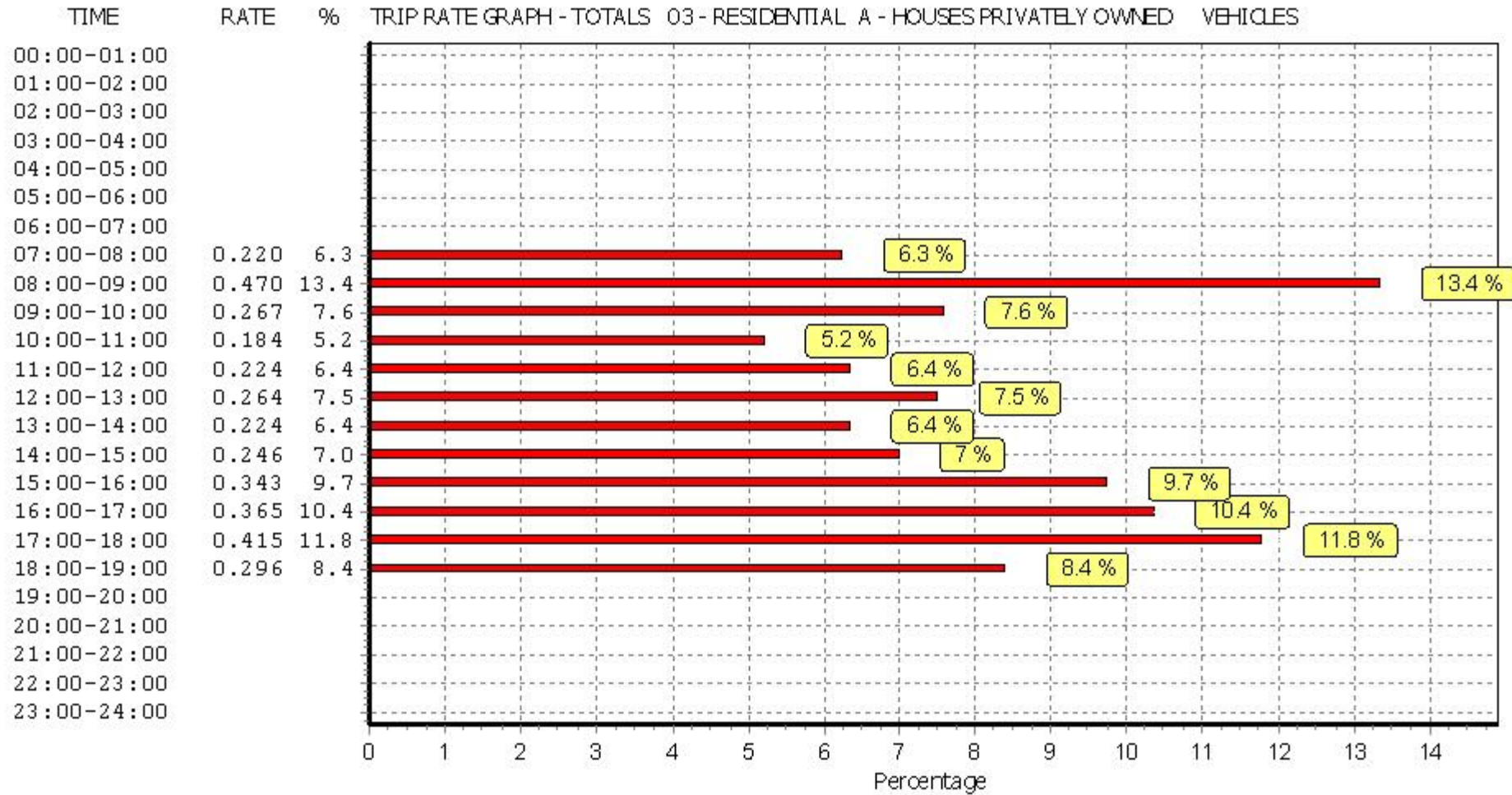
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are show. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



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Filtering Summary

Land Use	03/A	RESIDENTIAL/HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
Selected Trip Rate Calculation Parameter Range	6-1500 DWELLS	
Actual Trip Rate Calculation Parameter Range	7-363 DWELLS	
Date Range	Minimum: 01/01/10	Maximum: 27/11/17
Days of the week selected	Tuesday	7
	Wednesday	5
	Thursday	2
Main Location Types selected	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	14
Population <1 Mile ranges selected	1,001 to 5,000	1
	5,001 to 10,000	4
	10,001 to 15,000	1
	15,001 to 20,000	3
	20,001 to 25,000	3
	25,001 to 50,000	2
Population <5 Mile ranges selected	25,001 to 50,000	1
	50,001 to 75,000	3
	75,001 to 100,000	4
	100,001 to 125,000	1
	125,001 to 250,000	4
	250,001 to 500,000	1
Car Ownership <5 Mile ranges selected	0.6 to 1.0	5
	1.1 to 1.5	9
PTAL Rating	No PTAL Present	14

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 03 - RESIDENTIAL
 Category : A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
 VEHICLES

Selected regions and areas:

02	SOUTH EAST		
	HC HAMPSHIRE		1 days
	KC KENT		2 days
	WS WEST SUSSEX		1 days
03	SOUTH WEST		
	DV DEVON		1 days
	WL WILTSHIRE		1 days
04	EAST ANGLIA		
	CA CAMBRIDGESHIRE		1 days
	NF NORFOLK		1 days
	SF SUFFOLK		1 days
05	EAST MIDLANDS		
	LN LINCOLNSHIRE		1 days
07	YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE		
	NY NORTH YORKSHIRE		1 days
	SY SOUTH YORKSHIRE		1 days
08	NORTH WEST		
	CH CHESHIRE		1 days
09	NORTH		
	DH DURHAM		1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

Secondary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter: Number of dwellings
 Actual Range: 7 to 363 (units:)
 Range Selected by User: 6 to 1500 (units:)

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/10 to 27/11/17

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

Tuesday	7 days
Wednesday	5 days
Thursday	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:

Manual count	14 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.

Selected Locations:

Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	14
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This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Residential Zone	14
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This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:

C3 13 days

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Population within 1 mile:

1,001 to 5,000	1 days
5,001 to 10,000	4 days
10,001 to 15,000	1 days
15,001 to 20,000	3 days
20,001 to 25,000	3 days
25,001 to 50,000	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:

25,001 to 50,000	1 days
50,001 to 75,000	3 days
75,001 to 100,000	4 days
100,001 to 125,000	1 days
125,001 to 250,000	4 days
250,001 to 500,000	1 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.6 to 1.0	5 days
1.1 to 1.5	9 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:

Yes	2 days
No	12 days

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:

No PTAL Present	14 days
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This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

Site(1):	CA-03-A-04	Site area:	0.48 hect
Development Name:	DETACHED	Number of dwellings:	9
Location:	PETERBOROUGH	Housing density:	21
Postcode:	PE3 6LQ	Total Bedrooms:	35
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	18/10/11
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	22
Site(2):	CH-03-A-08	Site area:	0.48 hect
Development Name:	DETACHED	Number of dwellings:	11
Location:	CHESTER	Housing density:	37
Postcode:	CH3 5JZ	Total Bedrooms:	44
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	22/05/12
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	52
Site(3):	DH-03-A-01	Site area:	0.90 hect
Development Name:	SEMI DETACHED	Number of dwellings:	50
Location:	BISHOP AUCKLAND	Housing density:	94
Postcode:	DL14 6RH	Total Bedrooms:	150
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	28/03/17
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	87
Site(4):	DV-03-A-01	Site area:	1.25 hect
Development Name:	TERRACED HOUSES	Number of dwellings:	37
Location:	TORQUAY	Housing density:	53
Postcode:	TQ1 3HR	Total Bedrooms:	111
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	30/09/15
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Wednesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	103
Site(5):	HC-03-A-18	Site area:	1.40 hect
Development Name:	HOUSES & FLATS	Number of dwellings:	62
Location:	LIPHOOK	Housing density:	46
Postcode:	GU30 7TG	Total Bedrooms:	205
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	29/11/16
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	136
Site(6):	KC-03-A-03	Site area:	1.38 hect
Development Name:	MIXED HOUSES & FLATS	Number of dwellings:	51
Location:	ASHFORD	Housing density:	66
Postcode:	TN24 0FR	Total Bedrooms:	157
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	14/07/16
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Thursday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	110
Site(7):	KC-03-A-06	Site area:	8.00 hect
Development Name:	MIXED HOUSES & FLATS	Number of dwellings:	363
Location:	HERNE BAY	Housing density:	73
Postcode:	CT6 6DF	Total Bedrooms:	1007
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	27/09/17
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Wednesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	789
Site(8):	LN-03-A-03	Site area:	0.77 hect
Development Name:	SEMI DETACHED	Number of dwellings:	22
Location:	LINCOLN	Housing density:	29
Postcode:	LN6 7PL	Total Bedrooms:	58
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	18/09/12
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	24
Site(9):	NF-03-A-01	Site area:	1.49 hect
Development Name:	SEMI DET. & BUNGALOWS	Number of dwellings:	27
Location:	CAISTER-ON-SEA	Housing density:	19
Postcode:	NR30 5BX	Total Bedrooms:	66
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	16/10/12
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	64
Site(10):	NY-03-A-13	Site area:	0.30 hect
Development Name:	TERRACED HOUSES	Number of dwellings:	10
Location:	CATTERICK GARRISON	Housing density:	33
Postcode:	DL9 4SB	Total Bedrooms:	32
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	10/05/17
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Wednesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	19

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

Site(11):	SF-03-A-04	Site area:	0.59 hect
Development Name:	DETACHED & BUNGALOWS	Number of dwellings:	7
Location:	LOWESTOFT	Housing density:	15
Postcode:	NR32 2PQ	Total Bedrooms:	7
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	23/10/12
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Tuesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	31
Site(12):	SY-03-A-01	Site area:	1.73 hect
Development Name:	SEMI DETACHED HOUSES	Number of dwellings:	54
Location:	DONCASTER	Housing density:	34
Postcode:	DN5 9TD	Total Bedrooms:	162
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	18/09/13
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Wednesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	61
Site(13):	WL-03-A-02	Site area:	1.16 hect
Development Name:	SEMI DETACHED	Number of dwellings:	27
Location:	SWINDON	Housing density:	25
Postcode:	SN2 7HT	Total Bedrooms:	91
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	22/09/16
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Thursday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	122
Site(14):	WS-03-A-05	Site area:	1.61 hect
Development Name:	TERRACED & FLATS	Number of dwellings:	48
Location:	SHOREHAM BY SEA	Housing density:	50
Postcode:	BN43 6TQ	Total Bedrooms:	129
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Date:	18/04/12
Sub-Location Type:	Residential Zone	Survey Day:	Wednesday
PTAL:	n/a	Parking Spaces:	132

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/A - HOUSES PRIVATELY OWNED
VEHICLES

Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. DWELLS	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	14	56	0.077	14	56	0.333	14	56	0.410
08:00 - 09:00	14	56	0.109	14	56	0.378	14	56	0.487
09:00 - 10:00	14	56	0.134	14	56	0.152	14	56	0.286
10:00 - 11:00	14	56	0.126	14	56	0.157	14	56	0.283
11:00 - 12:00	14	56	0.147	14	56	0.134	14	56	0.281
12:00 - 13:00	14	56	0.162	14	56	0.161	14	56	0.323
13:00 - 14:00	14	56	0.167	14	56	0.174	14	56	0.341
14:00 - 15:00	14	56	0.156	14	56	0.198	14	56	0.354
15:00 - 16:00	14	56	0.231	14	56	0.167	14	56	0.398
16:00 - 17:00	14	56	0.310	14	56	0.184	14	56	0.494
17:00 - 18:00	14	56	0.379	14	56	0.183	14	56	0.562
18:00 - 19:00	14	56	0.293	14	56	0.189	14	56	0.482
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			2.291			2.410			4.701

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*

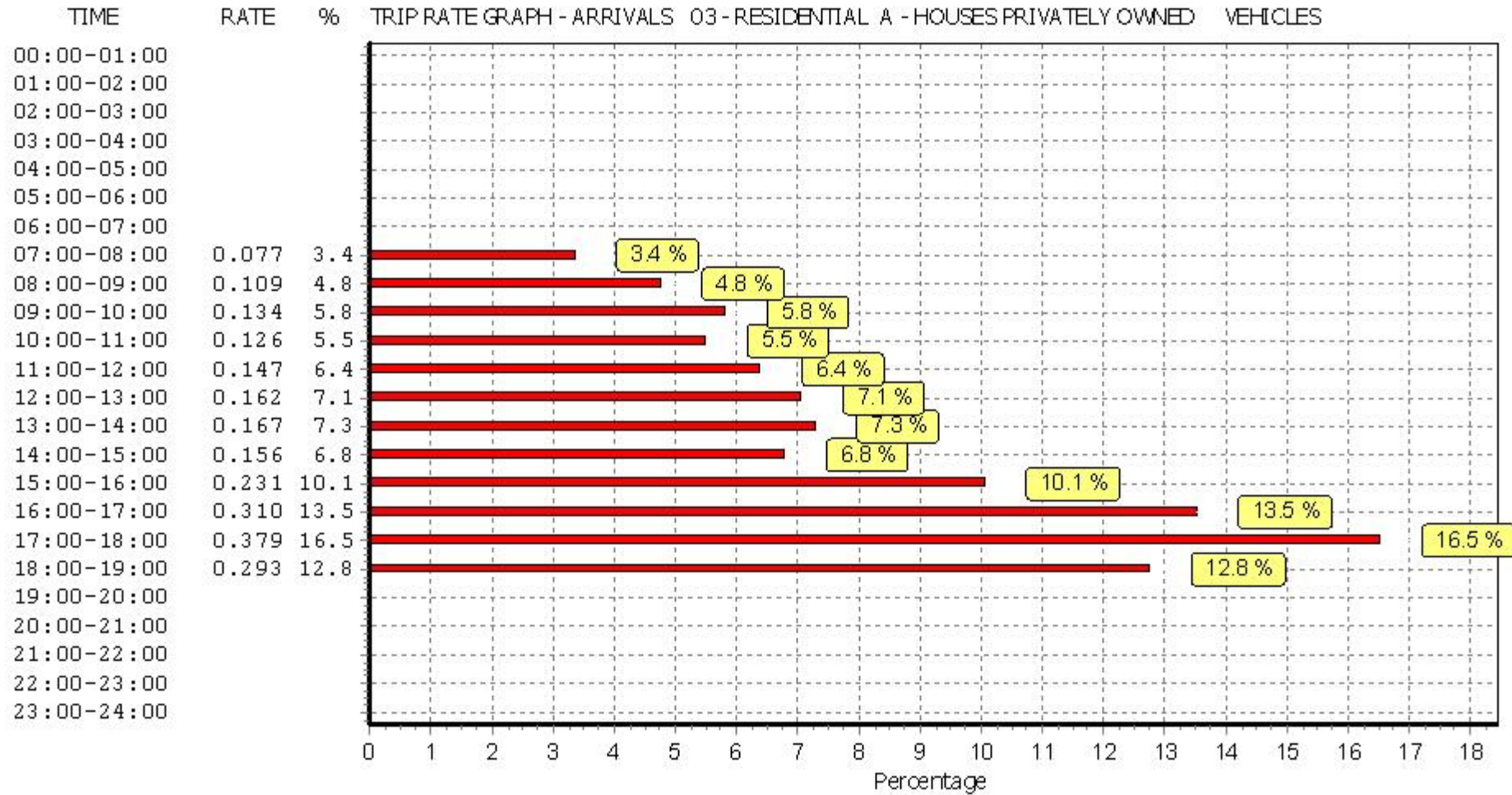
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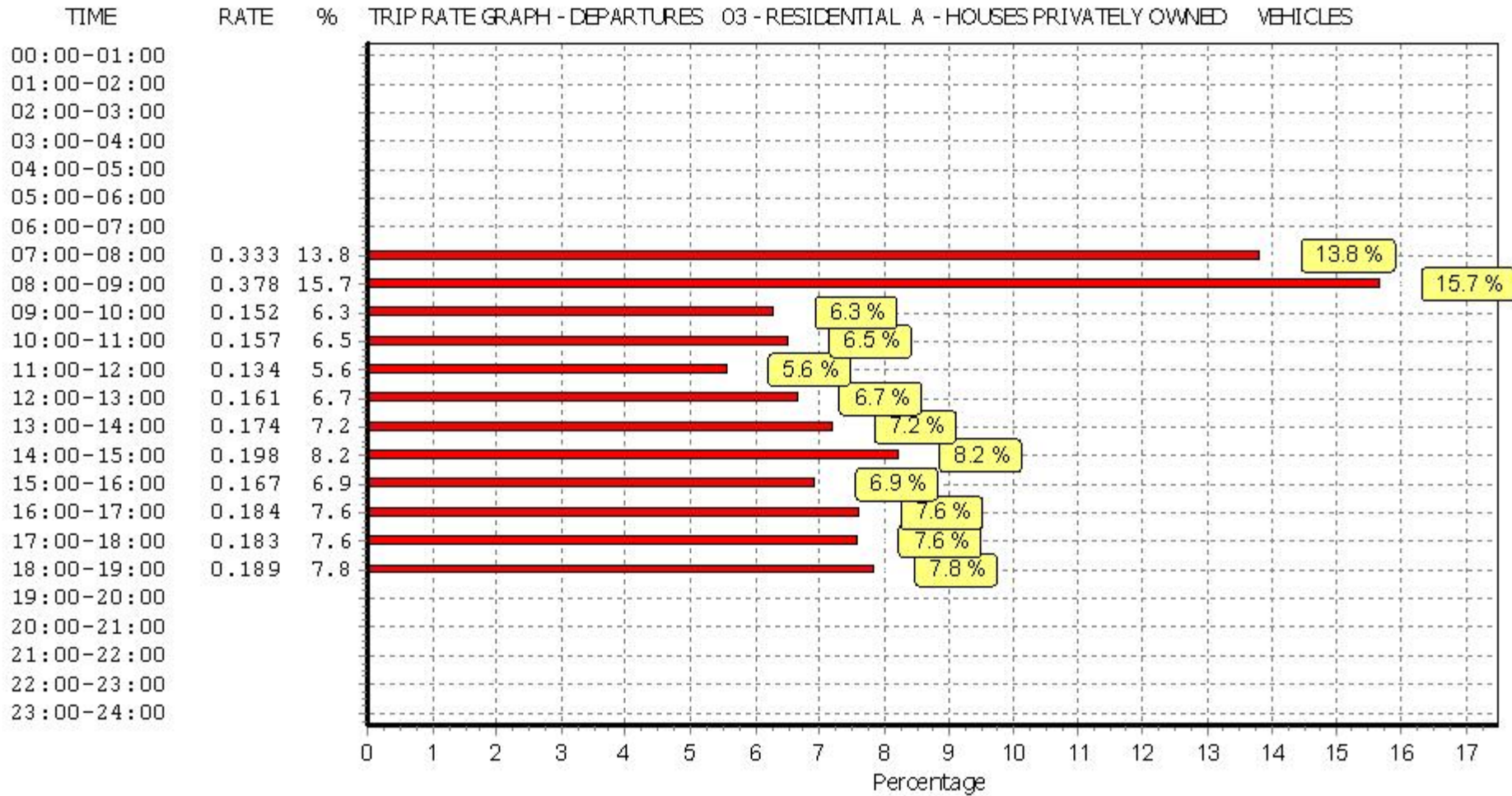
Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	7 - 363 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/10 - 27/11/17
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	14
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys automatically removed from selection:	1
Surveys manually removed from selection:	0

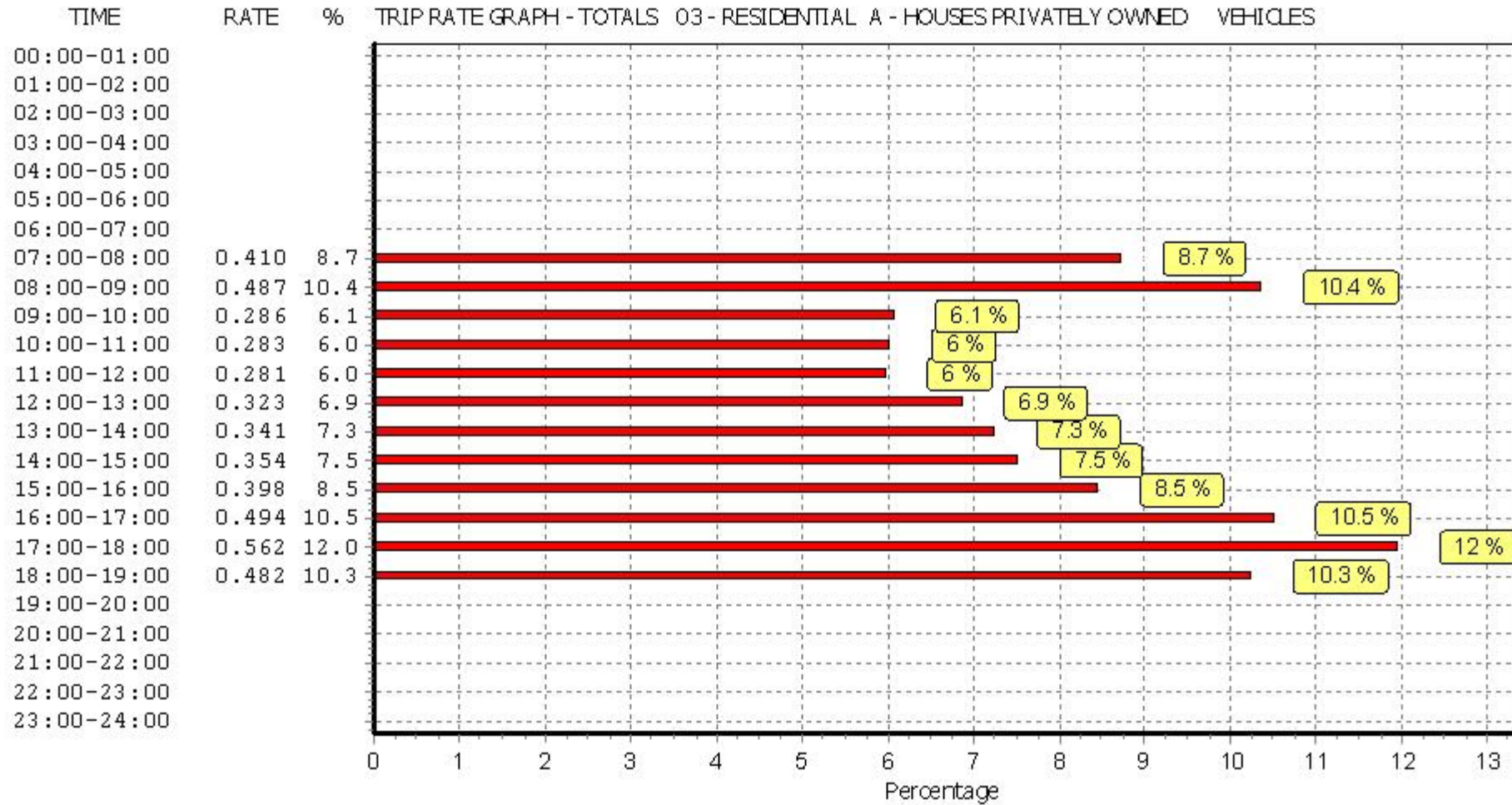
This section displays a quick summary of some of the data filtering selections made by the TRICS® user. The trip rate calculation parameter range of all selected surveys is displayed first, followed by the range of minimum and maximum survey dates selected by the user. Then, the total number of selected weekdays and weekend days in the selected set of surveys are shown. Finally, the number of survey days that have been manually removed from the selected set outside of the standard filtering procedure are displayed.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



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Filtering Summary

Land Use	02/B	EMPLOYMENT/BUSINESS PARK
Selected Trip Rate Calculation Parameter Range	975-132084 sqm GFA	
Actual Trip Rate Calculation Parameter Range	3300-55000 sqm GFA	
Date Range	Minimum: 01/01/10	Maximum: 22/11/17
Days of the week selected	Thursday	1
	Friday	3
Main Location Types selected	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	4
Population <1 Mile ranges selected	20,001 to 25,000	1
	25,001 to 50,000	3
Population <5 Mile ranges selected	250,001 to 500,000	3
	500,001 or More	1
Car Ownership <5 Mile ranges selected	0.6 to 1.0	4
PTAL Rating	No PTAL Present	4

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use : 02 - EMPLOYMENT
 Category : B - BUSINESS PARK
 VEHICLES

Selected regions and areas:

02	SOUTH EAST	
	HC HAMPSHIRE	1 days
07	YORKSHIRE & NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE	
	WY WEST YORKSHIRE	1 days
08	NORTH WEST	
	GM GREATER MANCHESTER	1 days
09	NORTH	
	TW TYNE & WEAR	1 days

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

Secondary Filtering selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter: Gross floor area
 Actual Range: 3300 to 55000 (units: sqm)
 Range Selected by User: 975 to 132084 (units: sqm)

Public Transport Provision:

Selection by: Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/10 to 22/11/17

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:

Thursday	1 days
Friday	3 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:

Manual count	4 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaken using machines.

Selected Locations:

Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	4
------------------------------------	---

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

Selected Location Sub Categories:

Industrial Zone	2
No Sub Category	2

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Secondary Filtering selection:

Use Class:

B1	4 days
----	--------

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Secondary Filtering selection (Cont.):

Population within 1 mile:

20,001 to 25,000	1 days
25,001 to 50,000	3 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:

250,001 to 500,000	3 days
500,001 or More	1 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:

0.6 to 1.0	4 days
------------	--------

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

Travel Plan:

No	4 days
----	--------

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

PTAL Rating:

No PTAL Present	4 days
-----------------	--------

This data displays the number of selected surveys with PTAL Ratings.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

Site(1):	GM-02-B-04	Gross floor area:	3300 sqm
Development Name:	BUSINESS PARK	Parking spaces:	92
Location:	OLDHAM	Number of Employees:	166
Postcode:	OL2 6HT	Survey Date:	22/10/15
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Day:	Thursday
Sub-Location Type:	Industrial Zone		
PTAL:	n/a		
Site(2):	HC-02-B-02	Gross floor area:	55000 sqm
Development Name:	BUSINESS PARK	Parking spaces:	2732
Location:	PORTSMOUTH	Number of Employees:	2800
Postcode:	PO6 3EZ	Survey Date:	18/10/13
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Day:	Friday
Sub-Location Type:	No Sub Category		
PTAL:	n/a		
Site(3):	TW-02-B-05	Gross floor area:	7926 sqm
Development Name:	BUSINESS PARK	Parking spaces:	229
Location:	NEWCASTLE	Number of Employees:	400
Postcode:	NE4 7YB	Survey Date:	13/11/15
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Day:	Friday
Sub-Location Type:	No Sub Category		
PTAL:	n/a		
Site(4):	WY-02-B-01	Gross floor area:	4078 sqm
Development Name:	BUSINESS PARK	Parking spaces:	75
Location:	LEEDS	Number of Employees:	120
Postcode:	LS8 5DR	Survey Date:	20/09/13
Main Location Type:	Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	Survey Day:	Friday
Sub-Location Type:	Industrial Zone		
PTAL:	n/a		

Trip Rates for Key Periods		Trips per 100 sqm GFA	
Period	Inbound	Outbound	Total
0800-0900	1.686	0.169	1.855
1700-1800	0.124	1.273	1.397

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/B - BUSINESS PARK
VEHICLES

Calculation factor: 100 sqm

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	4	17576	0.568	4	17576	0.084	4	17576	0.652
08:00 - 09:00	4	17576	1.686	4	17576	0.169	4	17576	1.855
09:00 - 10:00	4	17576	0.667	4	17576	0.233	4	17576	0.900
10:00 - 11:00	4	17576	0.216	4	17576	0.135	4	17576	0.351
11:00 - 12:00	4	17576	0.222	4	17576	0.236	4	17576	0.458
12:00 - 13:00	4	17576	0.283	4	17576	0.455	4	17576	0.738
13:00 - 14:00	4	17576	0.340	4	17576	0.350	4	17576	0.690
14:00 - 15:00	4	17576	0.290	4	17576	0.283	4	17576	0.573
15:00 - 16:00	4	17576	0.174	4	17576	0.403	4	17576	0.577
16:00 - 17:00	4	17576	0.189	4	17576	0.622	4	17576	0.811
17:00 - 18:00	4	17576	0.124	4	17576	1.273	4	17576	1.397
18:00 - 19:00	4	17576	0.040	4	17576	0.432	4	17576	0.472
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			4.799			4.675			9.474

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

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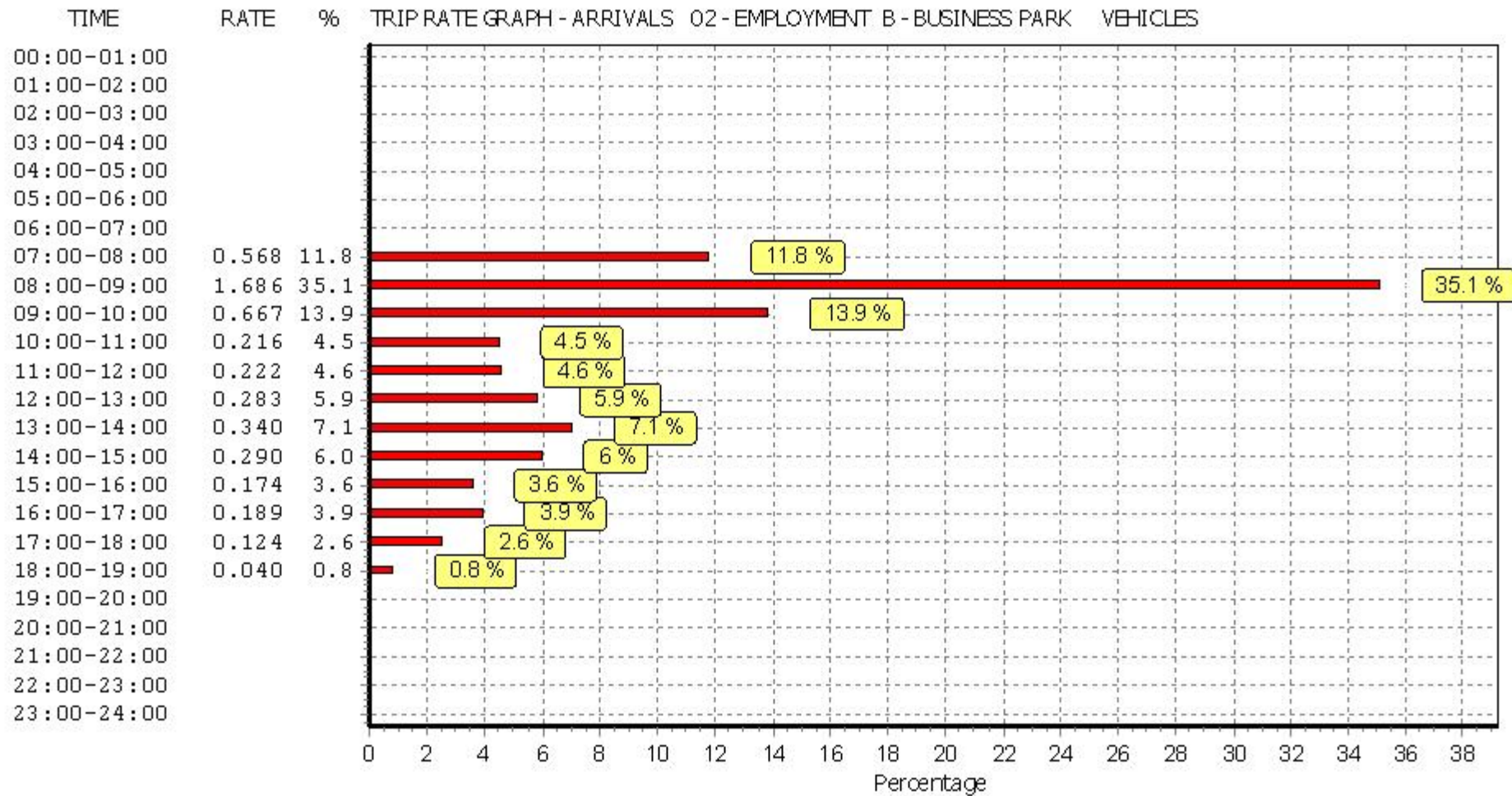
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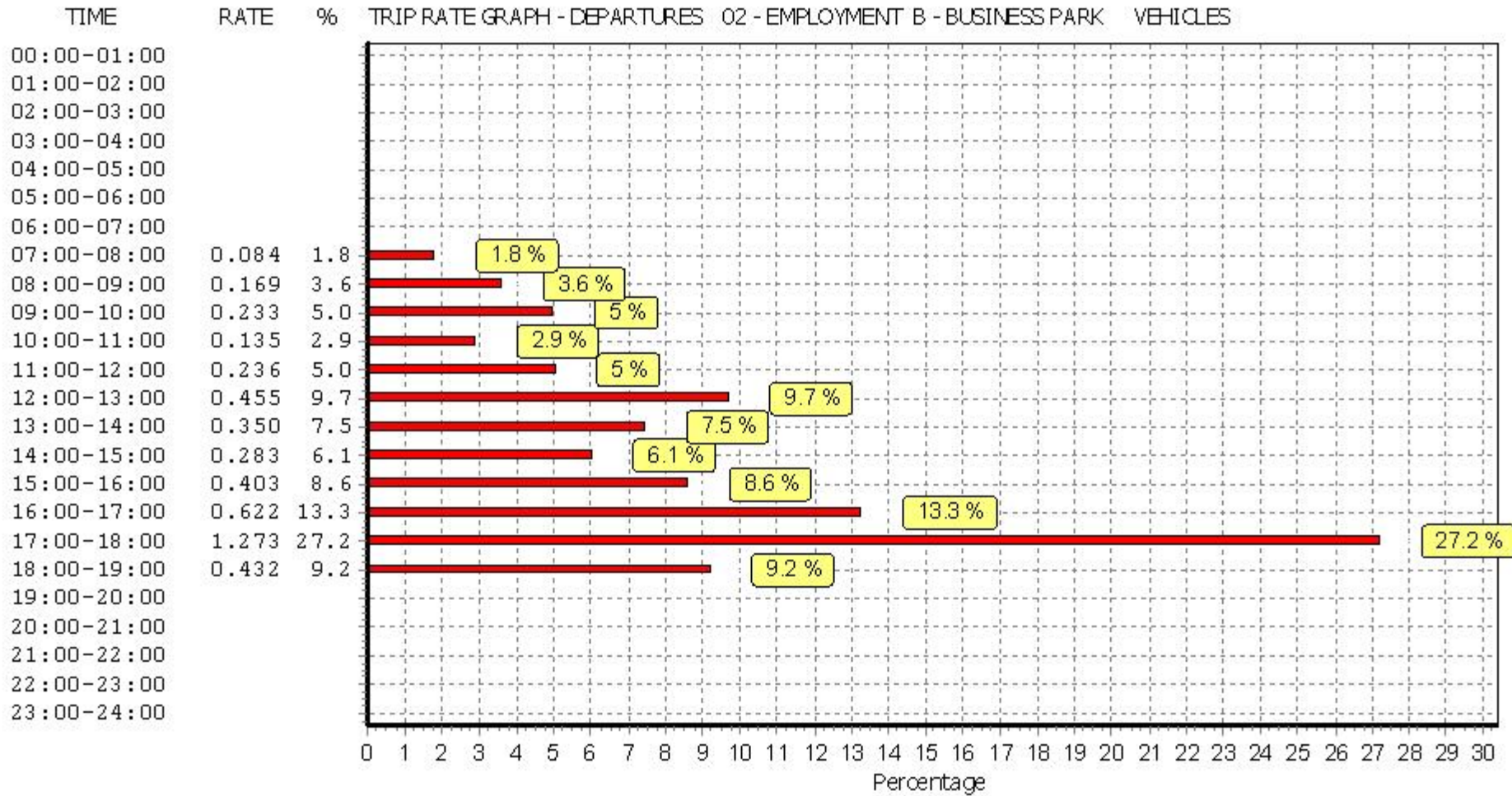
Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	3300 - 55000 (units: sqm)
Survey date date range:	01/01/10 - 22/11/17
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	4
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys automatically removed from selection:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	0

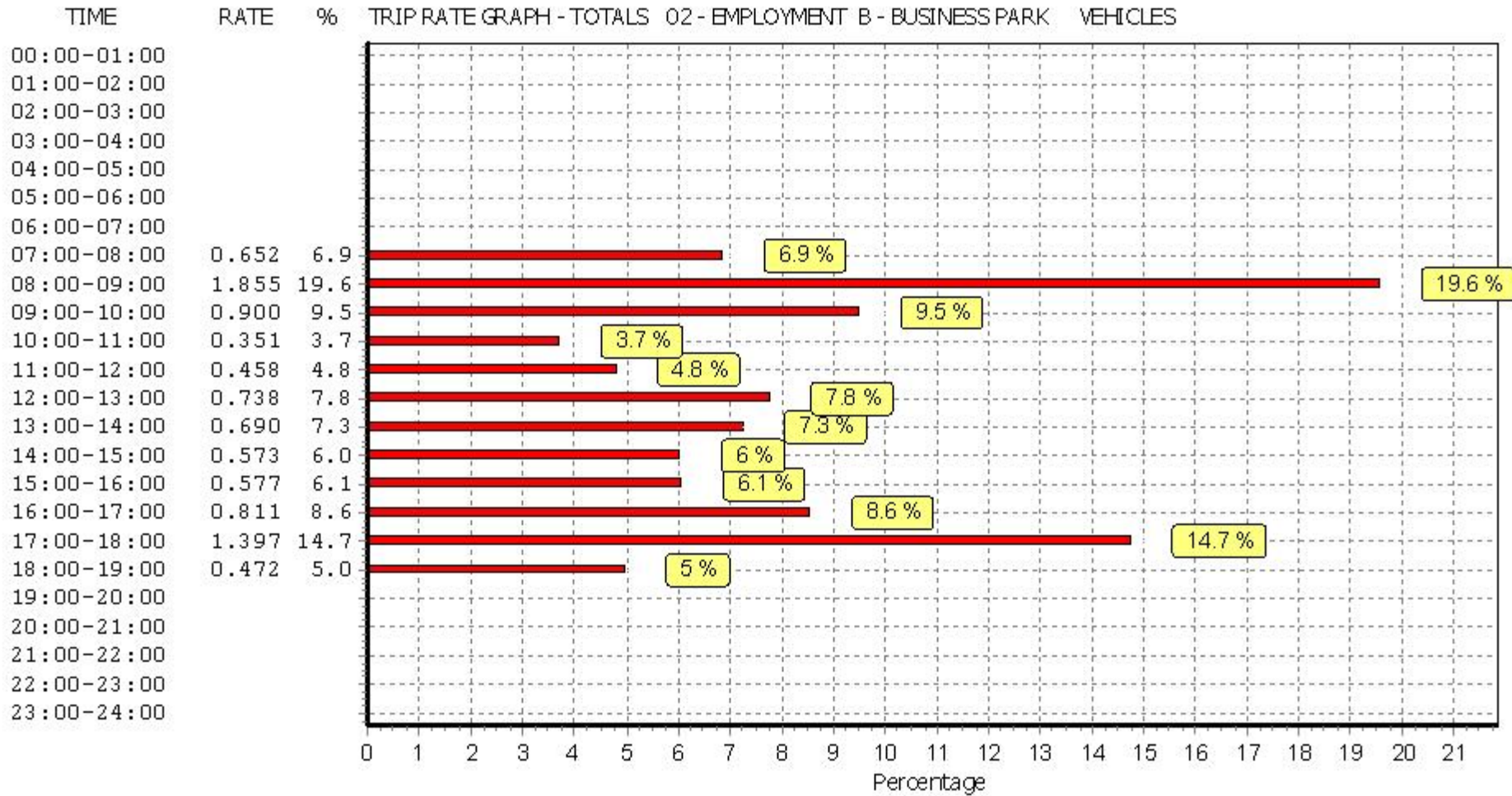
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TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/B - BUSINESS PARK

TAXI S

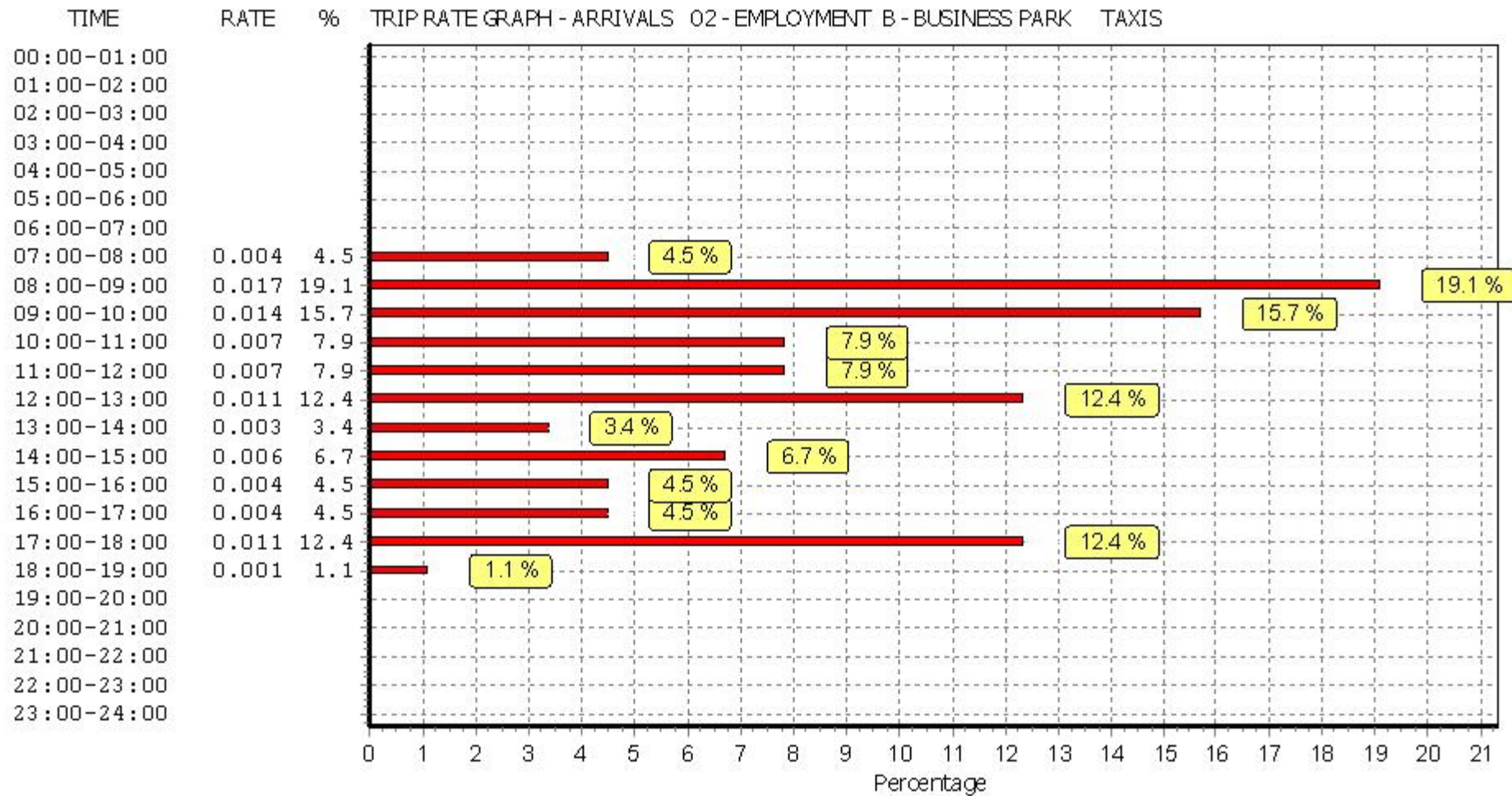
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

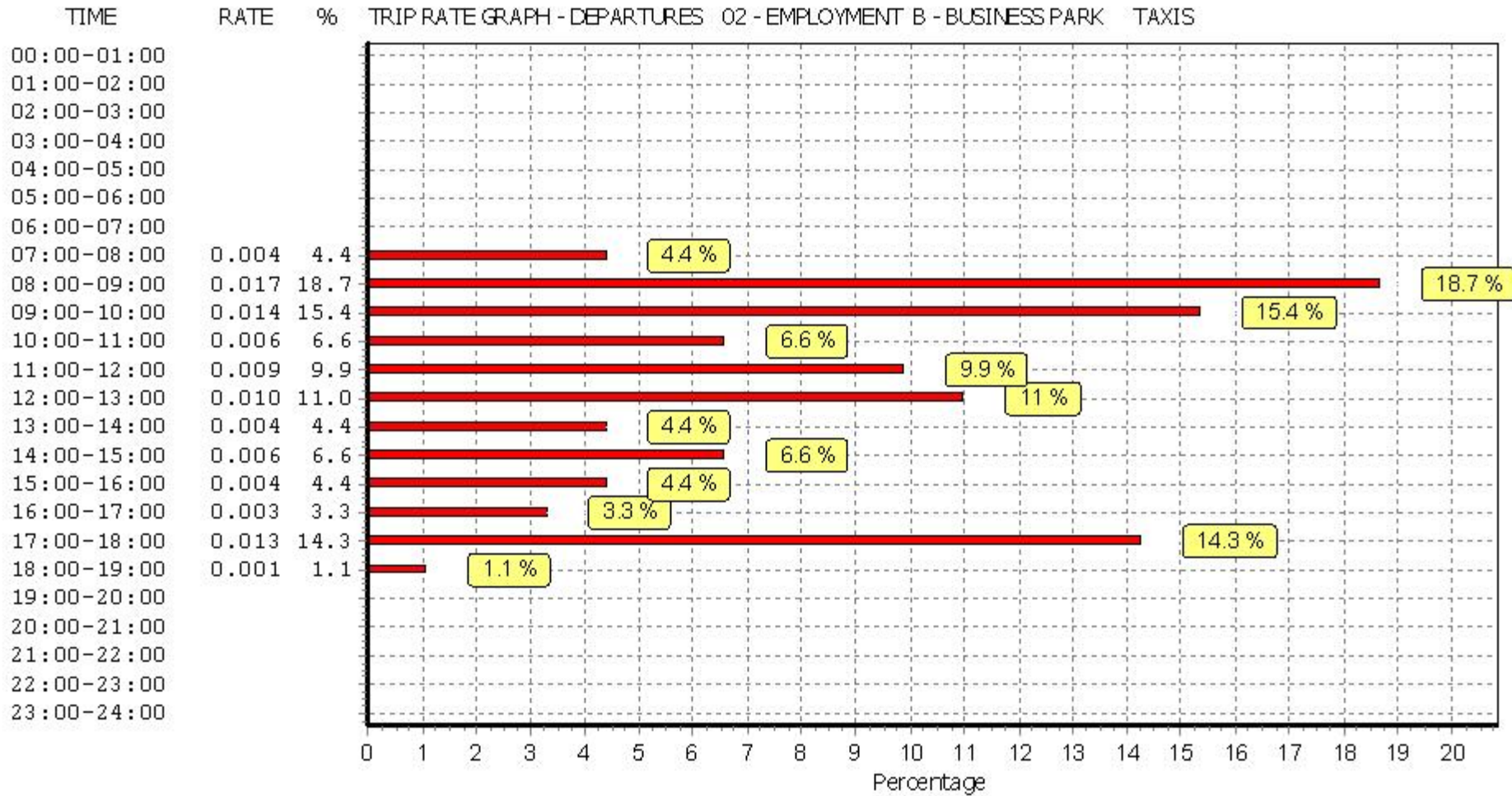
Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.008
08:00 - 09:00	4	17576	0.017	4	17576	0.017	4	17576	0.034
09:00 - 10:00	4	17576	0.014	4	17576	0.014	4	17576	0.028
10:00 - 11:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.013
11:00 - 12:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.009	4	17576	0.016
12:00 - 13:00	4	17576	0.011	4	17576	0.010	4	17576	0.021
13:00 - 14:00	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.007
14:00 - 15:00	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.012
15:00 - 16:00	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.008
16:00 - 17:00	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.007
17:00 - 18:00	4	17576	0.011	4	17576	0.013	4	17576	0.024
18:00 - 19:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.002
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.089			0.091			0.180

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

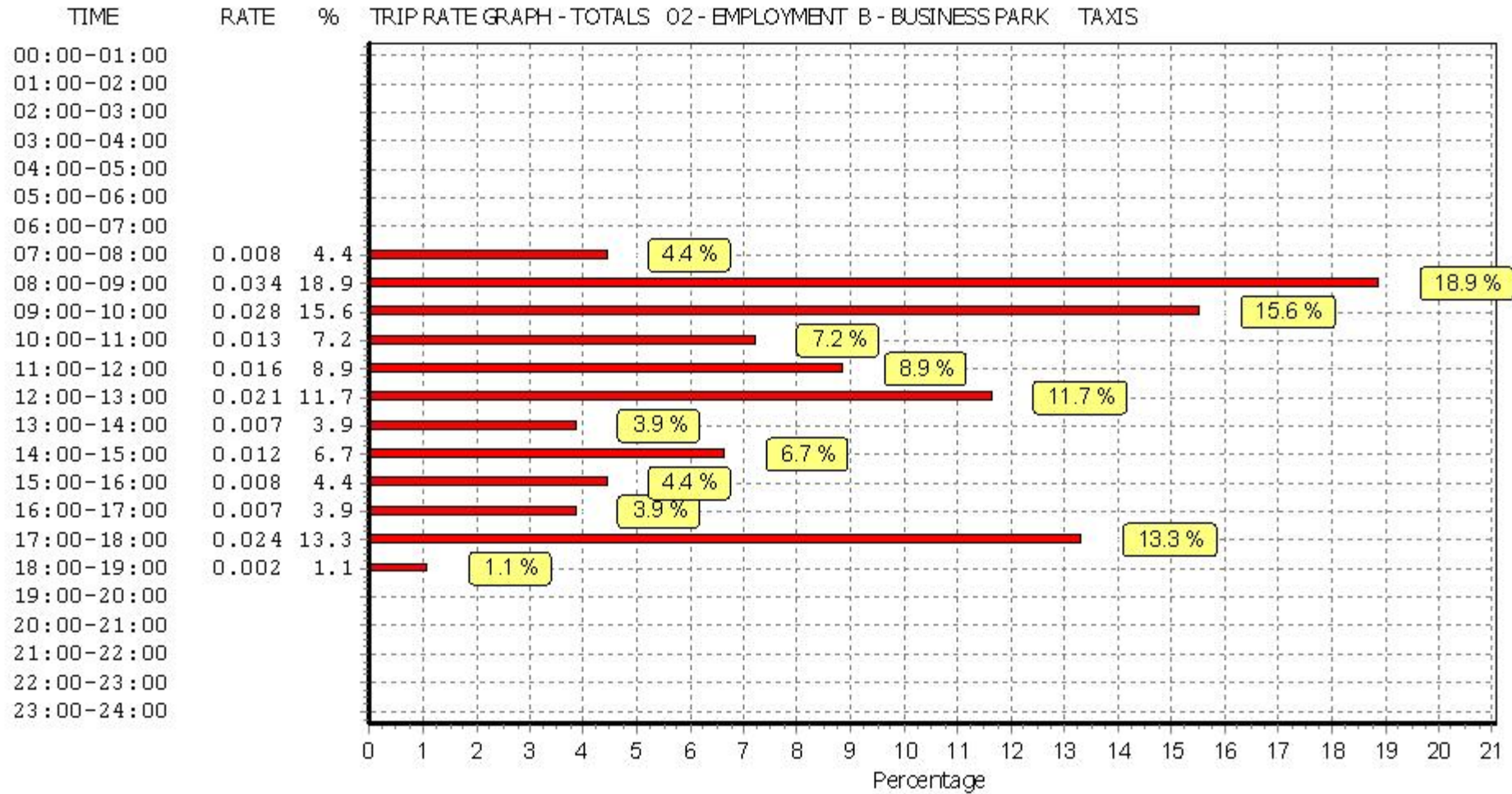
To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/B - BUSINESS PARK

OGVS

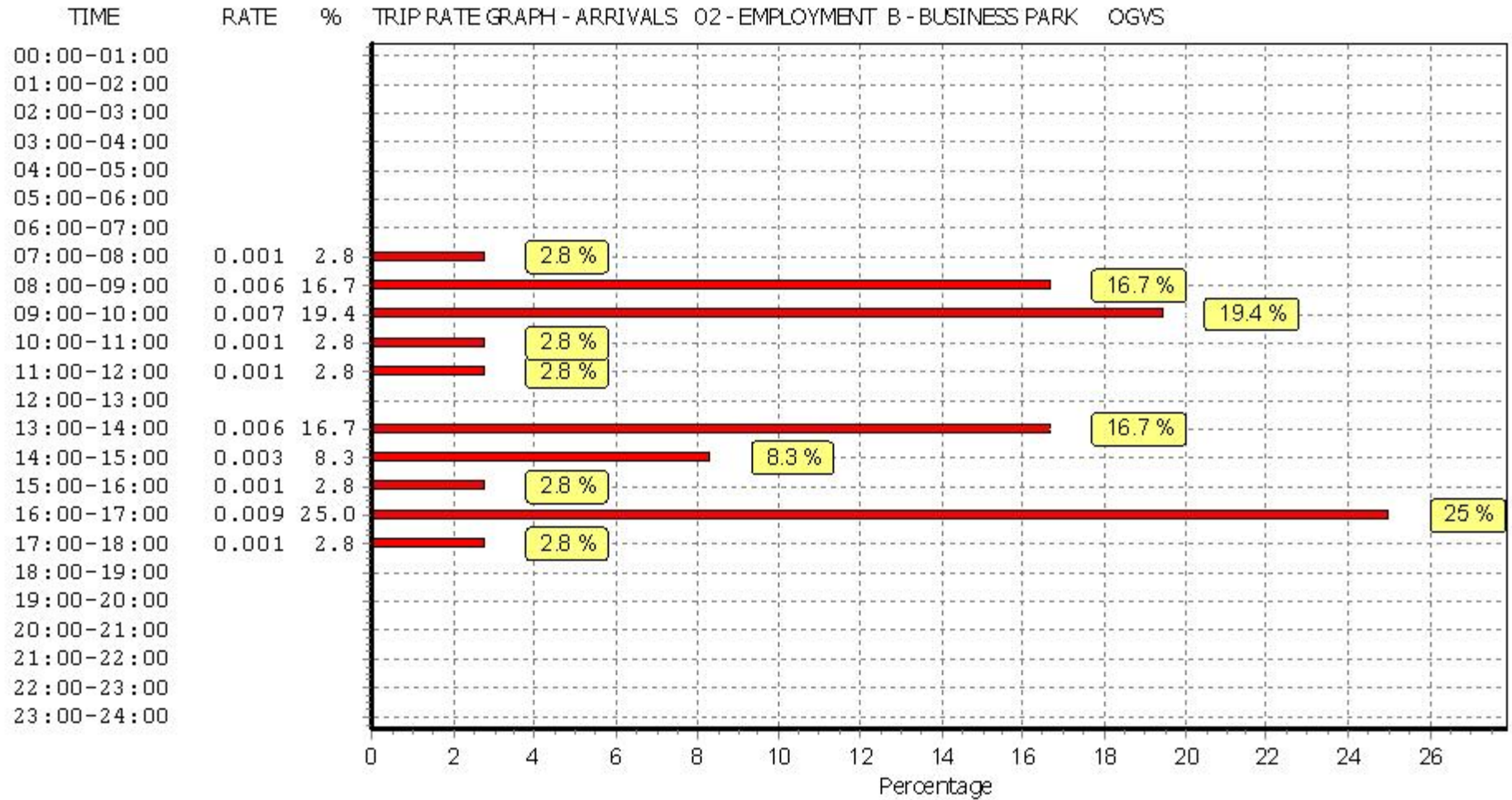
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

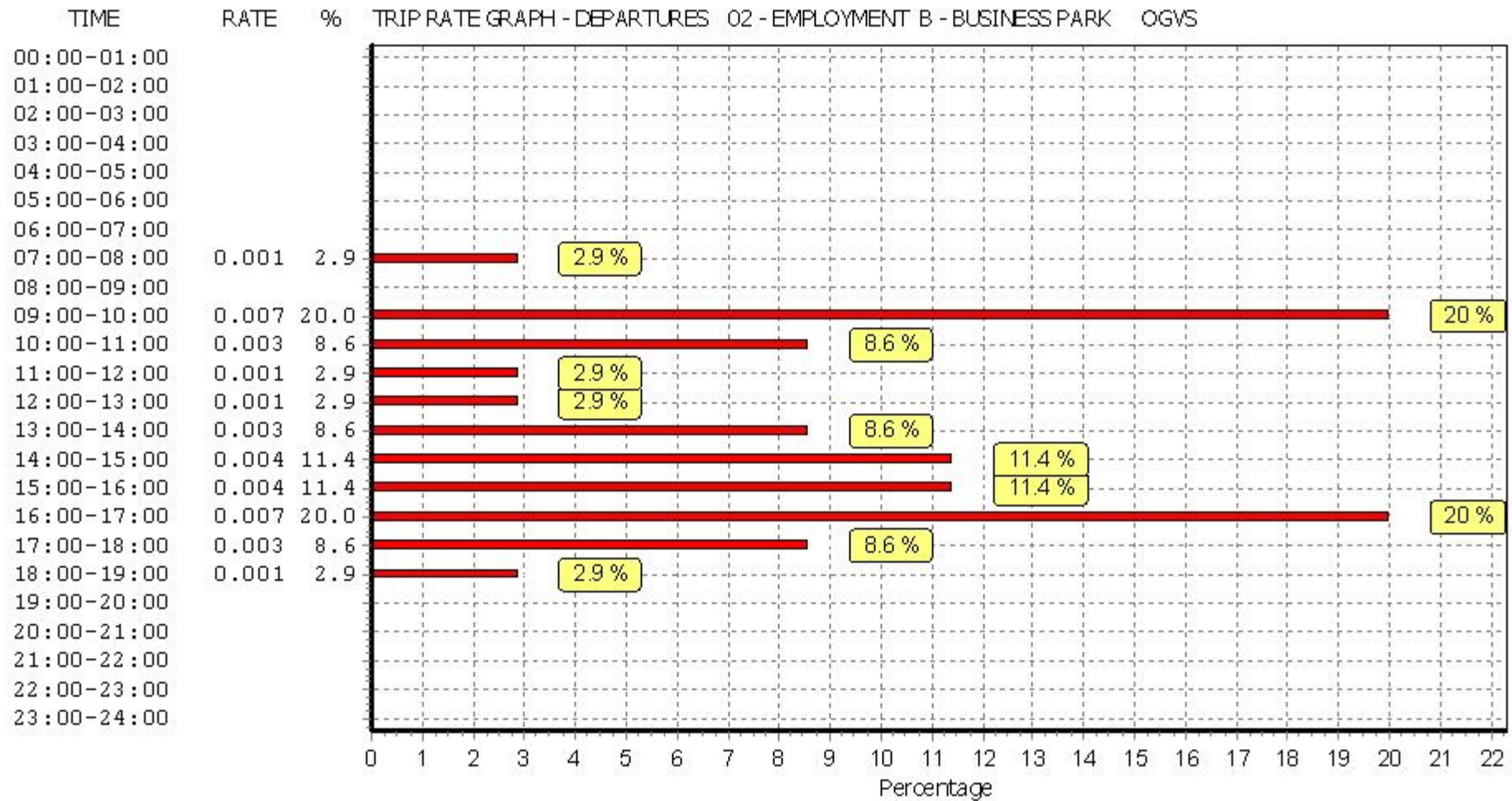
Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.002
08:00 - 09:00	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.006
09:00 - 10:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.014
10:00 - 11:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.004
11:00 - 12:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.002
12:00 - 13:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001
13:00 - 14:00	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.009
14:00 - 15:00	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.007
15:00 - 16:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.005
16:00 - 17:00	4	17576	0.009	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.016
17:00 - 18:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.004
18:00 - 19:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.036			0.035			0.071

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

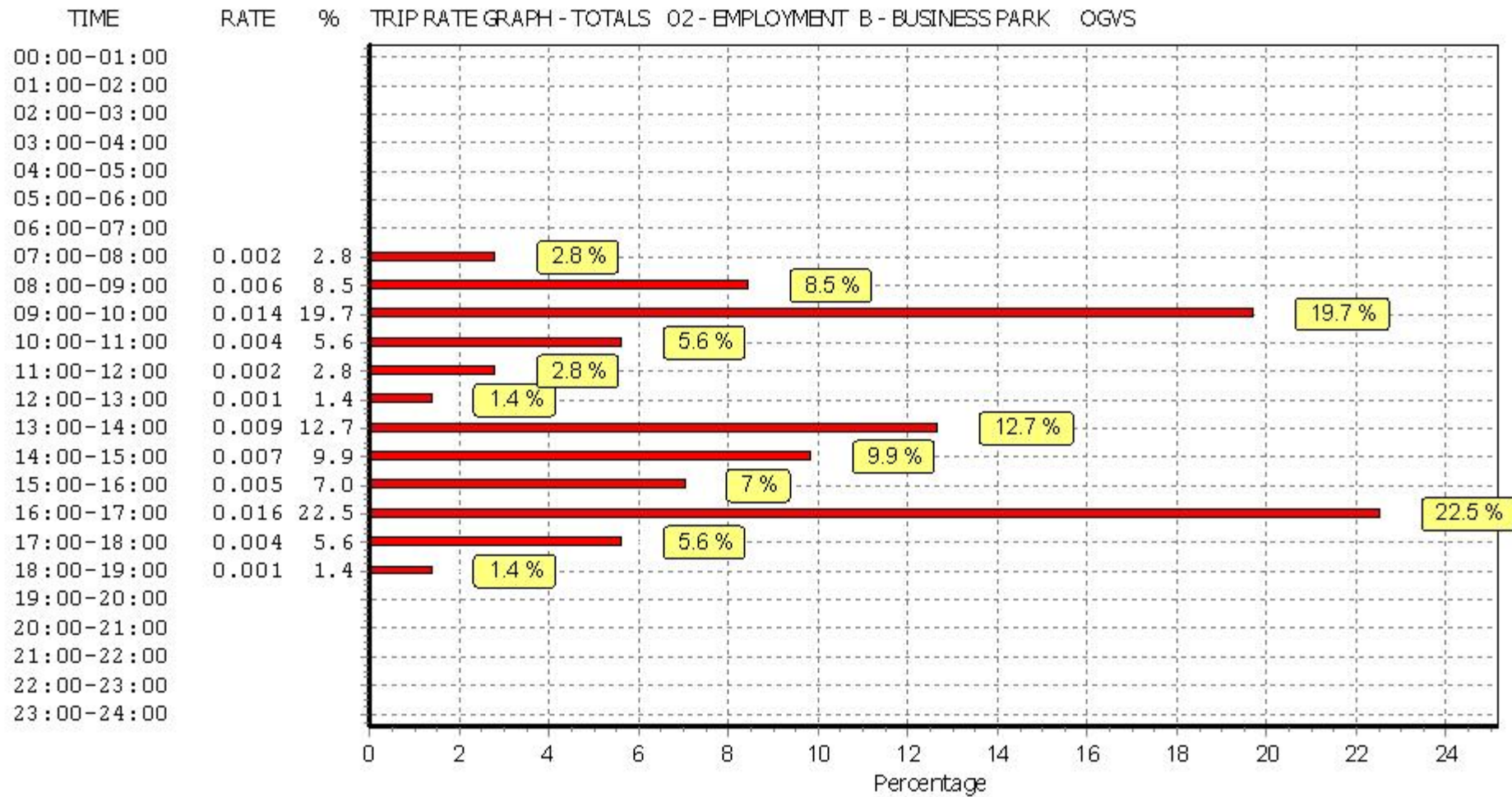
To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/B - BUSINESS PARK
PSVS

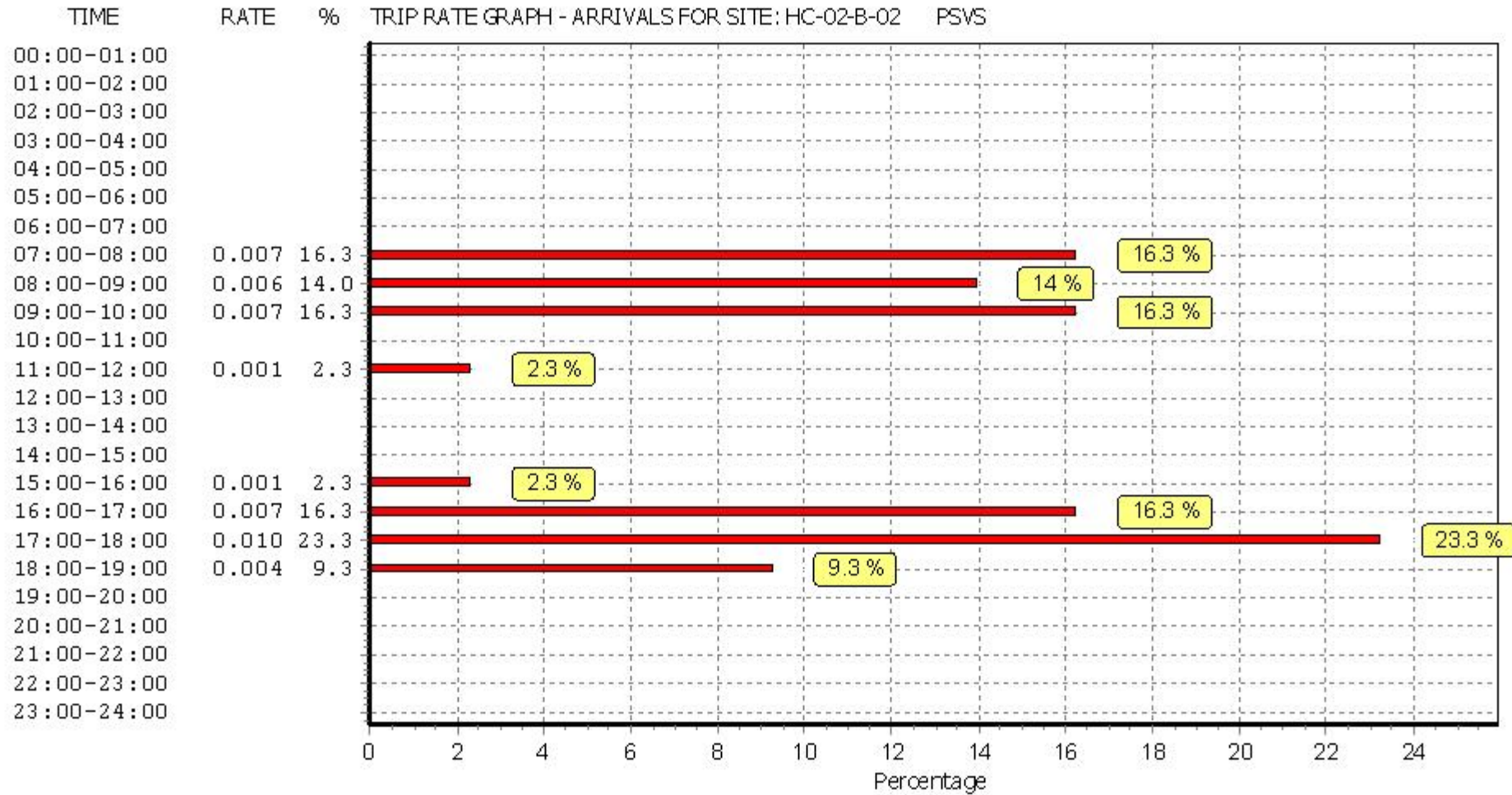
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

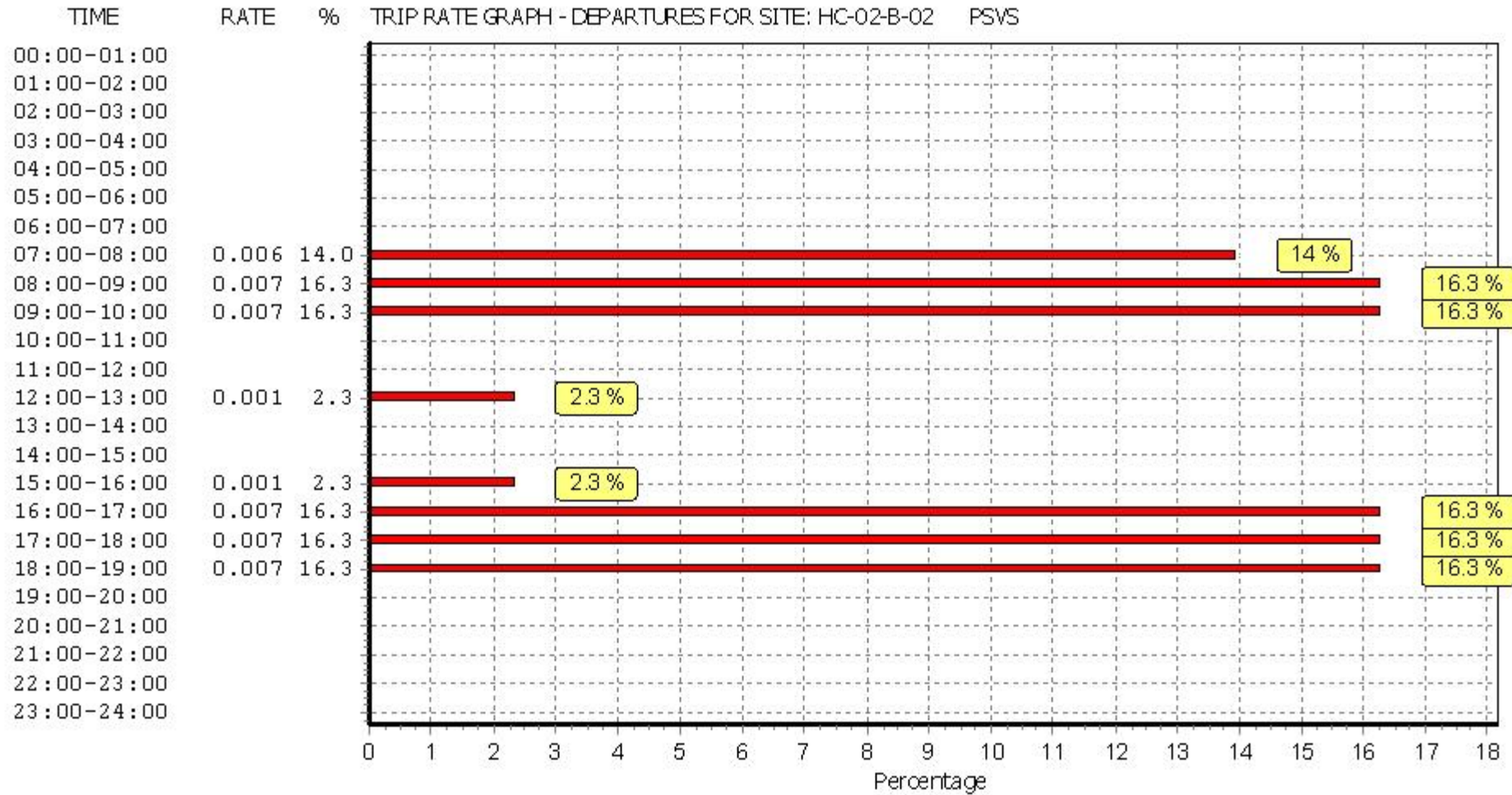
Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.013
08:00 - 09:00	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.013
09:00 - 10:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.014
10:00 - 11:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.001
12:00 - 13:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001
13:00 - 14:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.002
16:00 - 17:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.014
17:00 - 18:00	4	17576	0.010	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.017
18:00 - 19:00	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.011
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.043			0.043			0.086

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

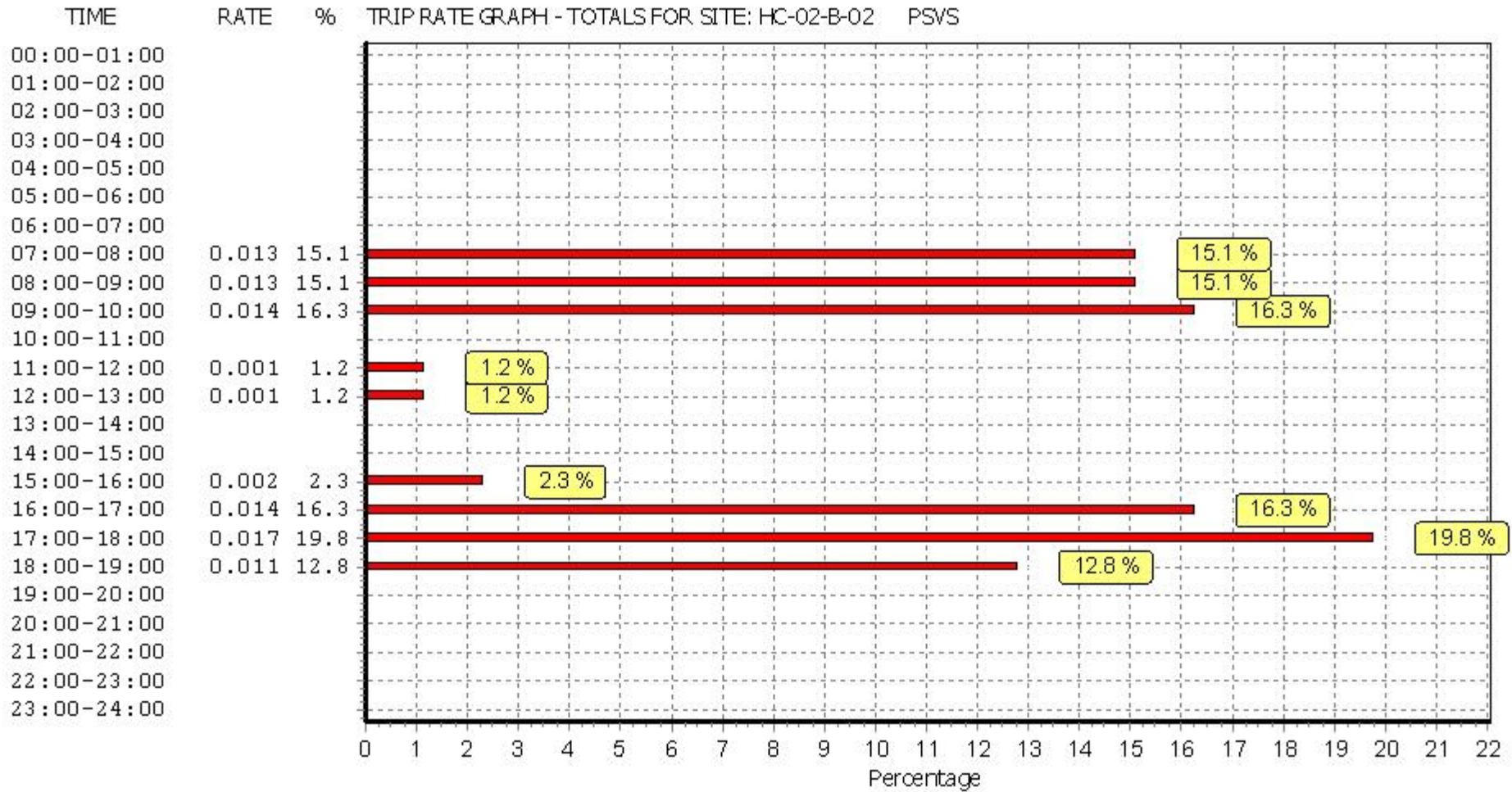
*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/B - BUSINESS PARK
CYCLISTS

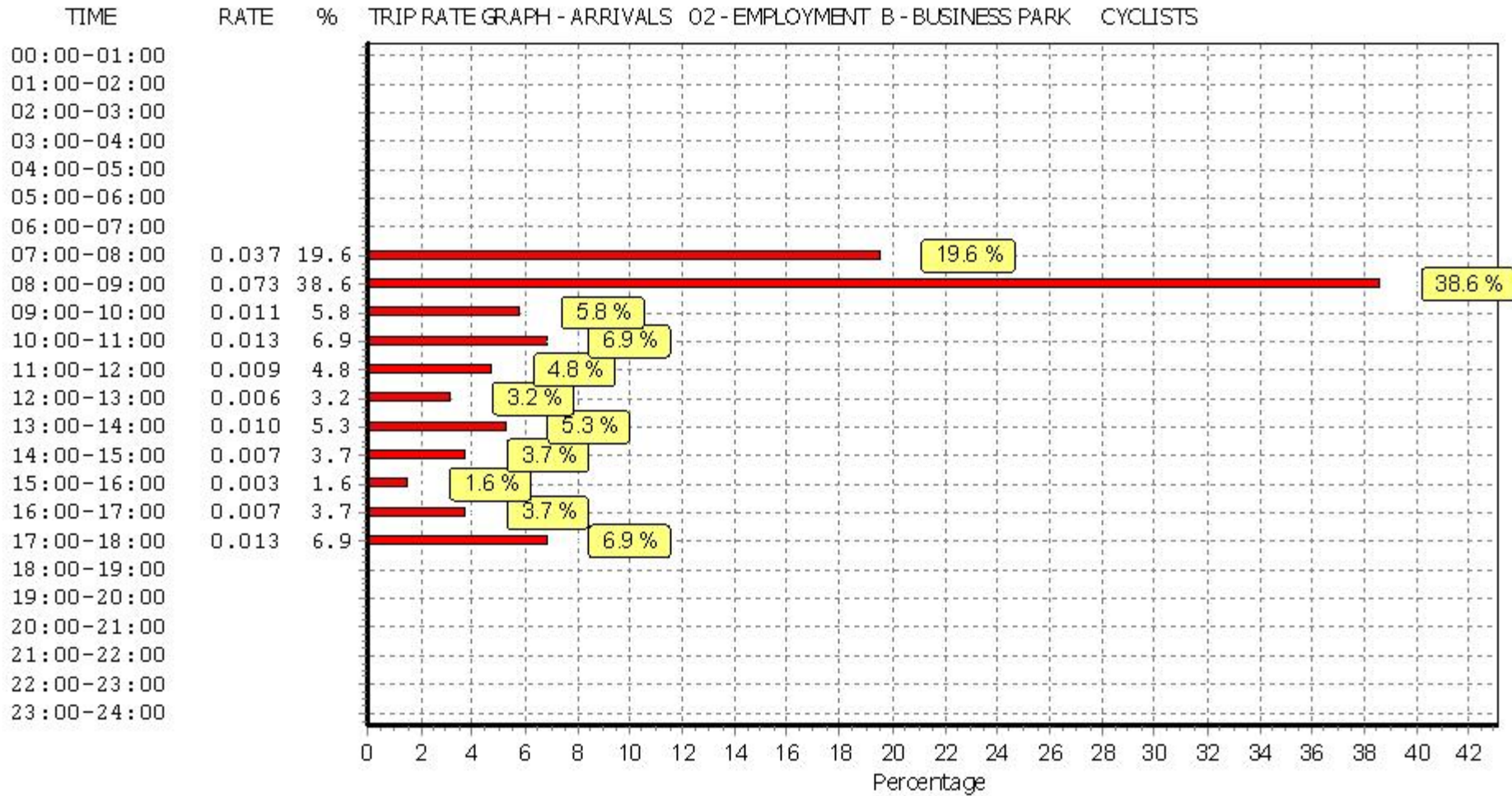
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

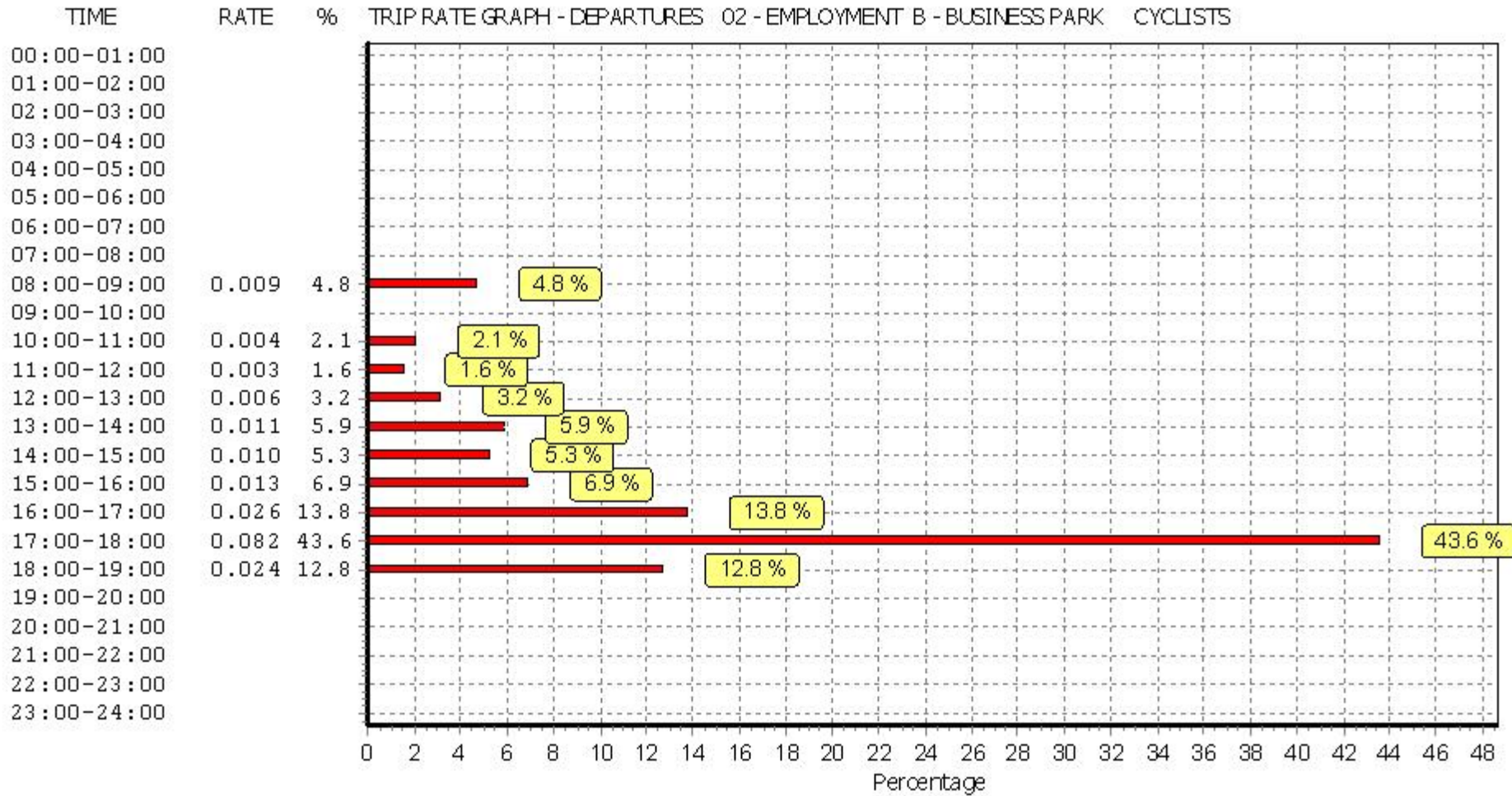
Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	4	17576	0.037	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.037
08:00 - 09:00	4	17576	0.073	4	17576	0.009	4	17576	0.082
09:00 - 10:00	4	17576	0.011	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.011
10:00 - 11:00	4	17576	0.013	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.017
11:00 - 12:00	4	17576	0.009	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.012
12:00 - 13:00	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.006	4	17576	0.012
13:00 - 14:00	4	17576	0.010	4	17576	0.011	4	17576	0.021
14:00 - 15:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.010	4	17576	0.017
15:00 - 16:00	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.013	4	17576	0.016
16:00 - 17:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.026	4	17576	0.033
17:00 - 18:00	4	17576	0.013	4	17576	0.082	4	17576	0.095
18:00 - 19:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.024	4	17576	0.024
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.189			0.188			0.377

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

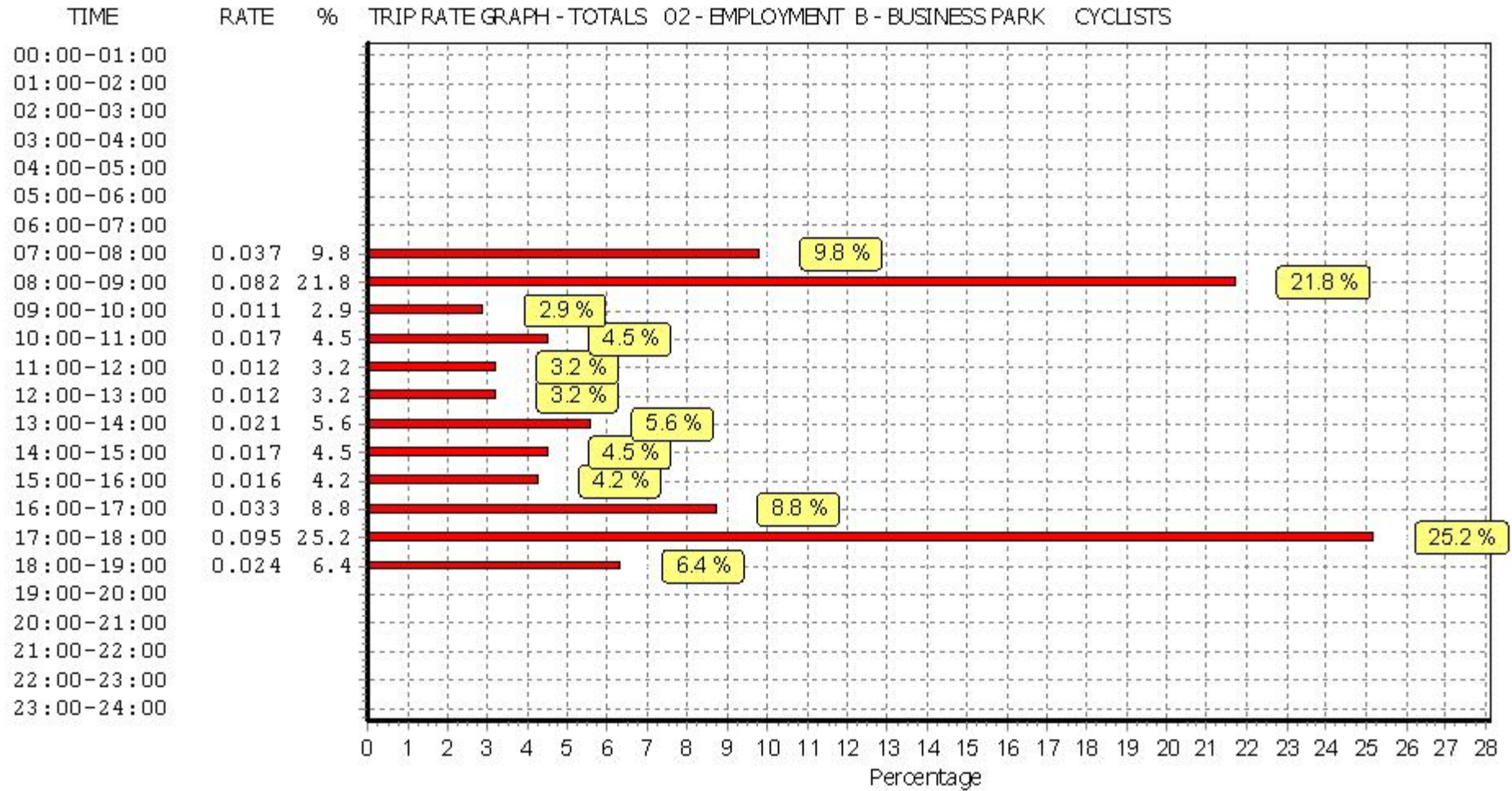
To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/B - BUSINESS PARK
CARS

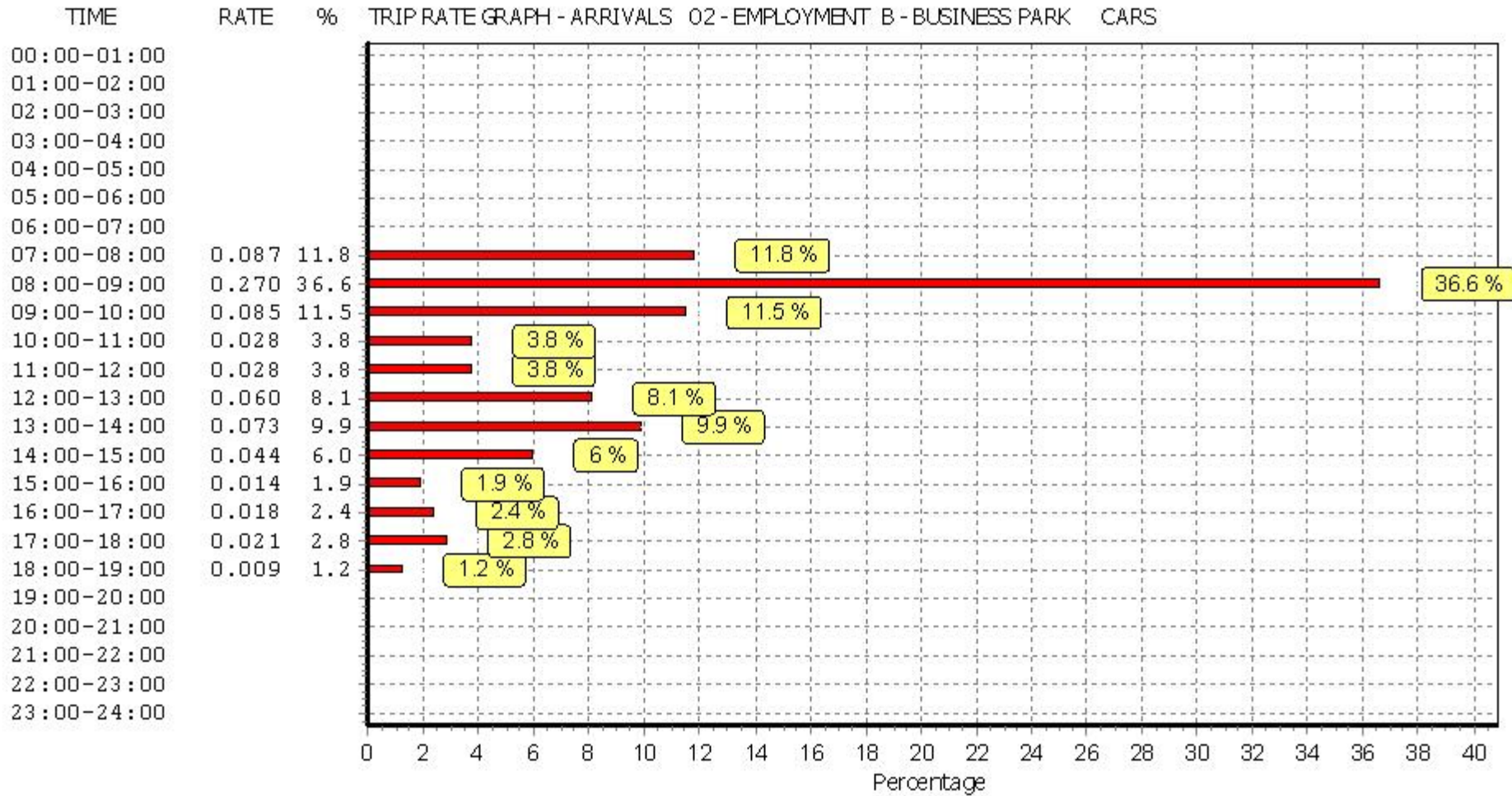
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

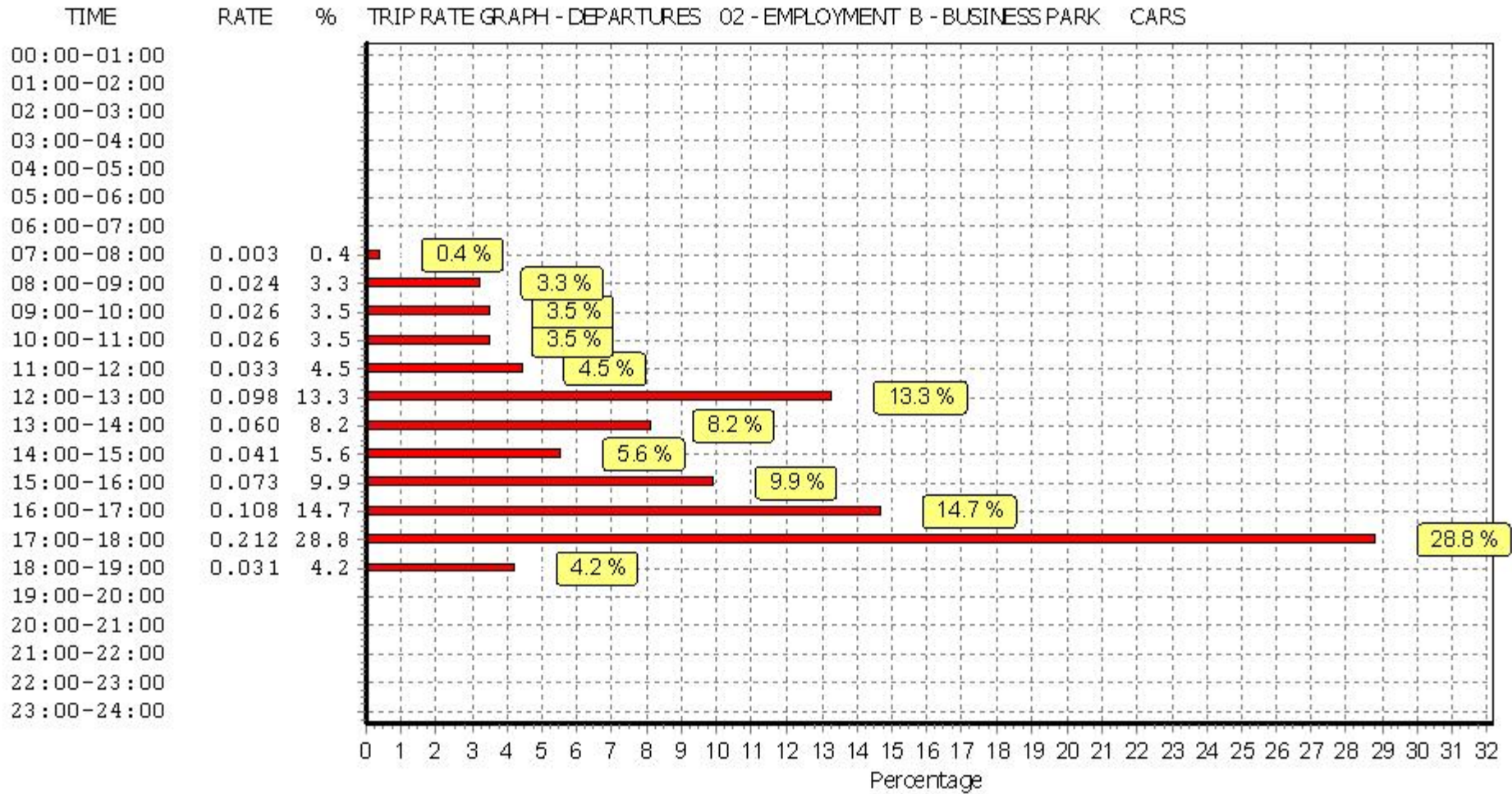
Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	4	17576	0.087	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.090
08:00 - 09:00	4	17576	0.270	4	17576	0.024	4	17576	0.294
09:00 - 10:00	4	17576	0.085	4	17576	0.026	4	17576	0.111
10:00 - 11:00	4	17576	0.028	4	17576	0.026	4	17576	0.054
11:00 - 12:00	4	17576	0.028	4	17576	0.033	4	17576	0.061
12:00 - 13:00	4	17576	0.060	4	17576	0.098	4	17576	0.158
13:00 - 14:00	4	17576	0.073	4	17576	0.060	4	17576	0.133
14:00 - 15:00	4	17576	0.044	4	17576	0.041	4	17576	0.085
15:00 - 16:00	4	17576	0.014	4	17576	0.073	4	17576	0.087
16:00 - 17:00	4	17576	0.018	4	17576	0.108	4	17576	0.126
17:00 - 18:00	4	17576	0.021	4	17576	0.212	4	17576	0.233
18:00 - 19:00	4	17576	0.009	4	17576	0.031	4	17576	0.040
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.737			0.735			1.472

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

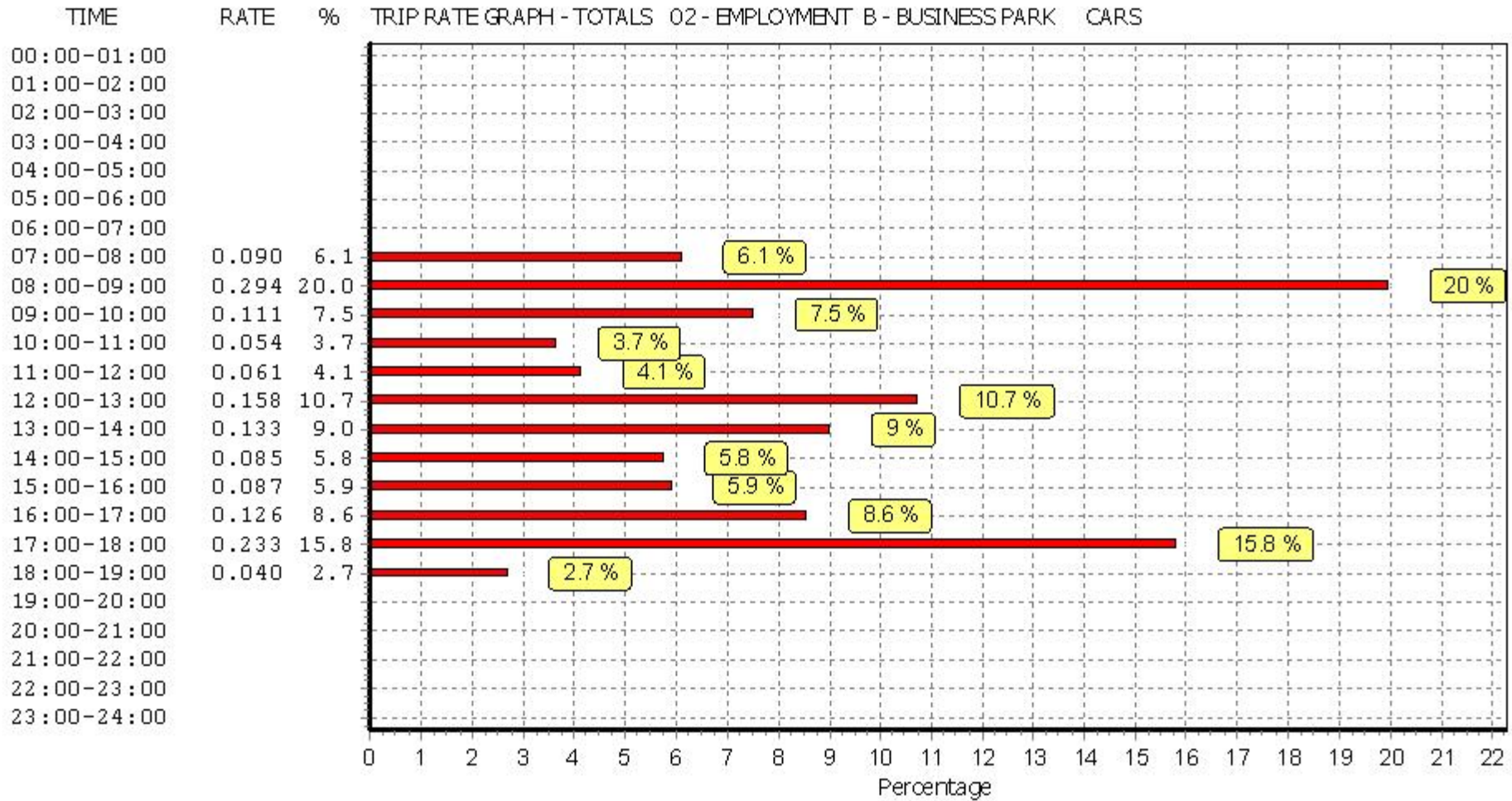
*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.

TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/B - BUSINESS PARK

LGVS

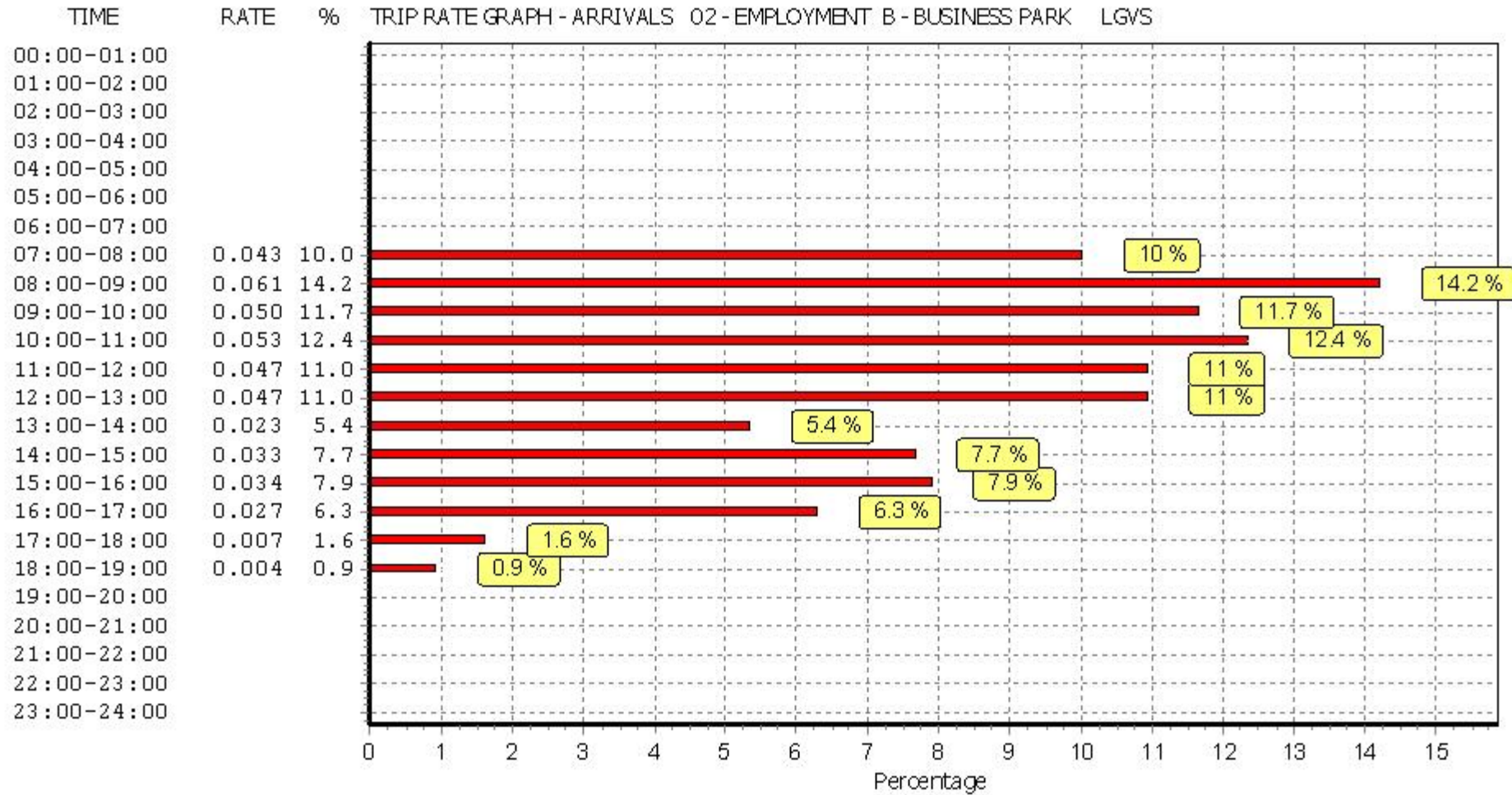
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

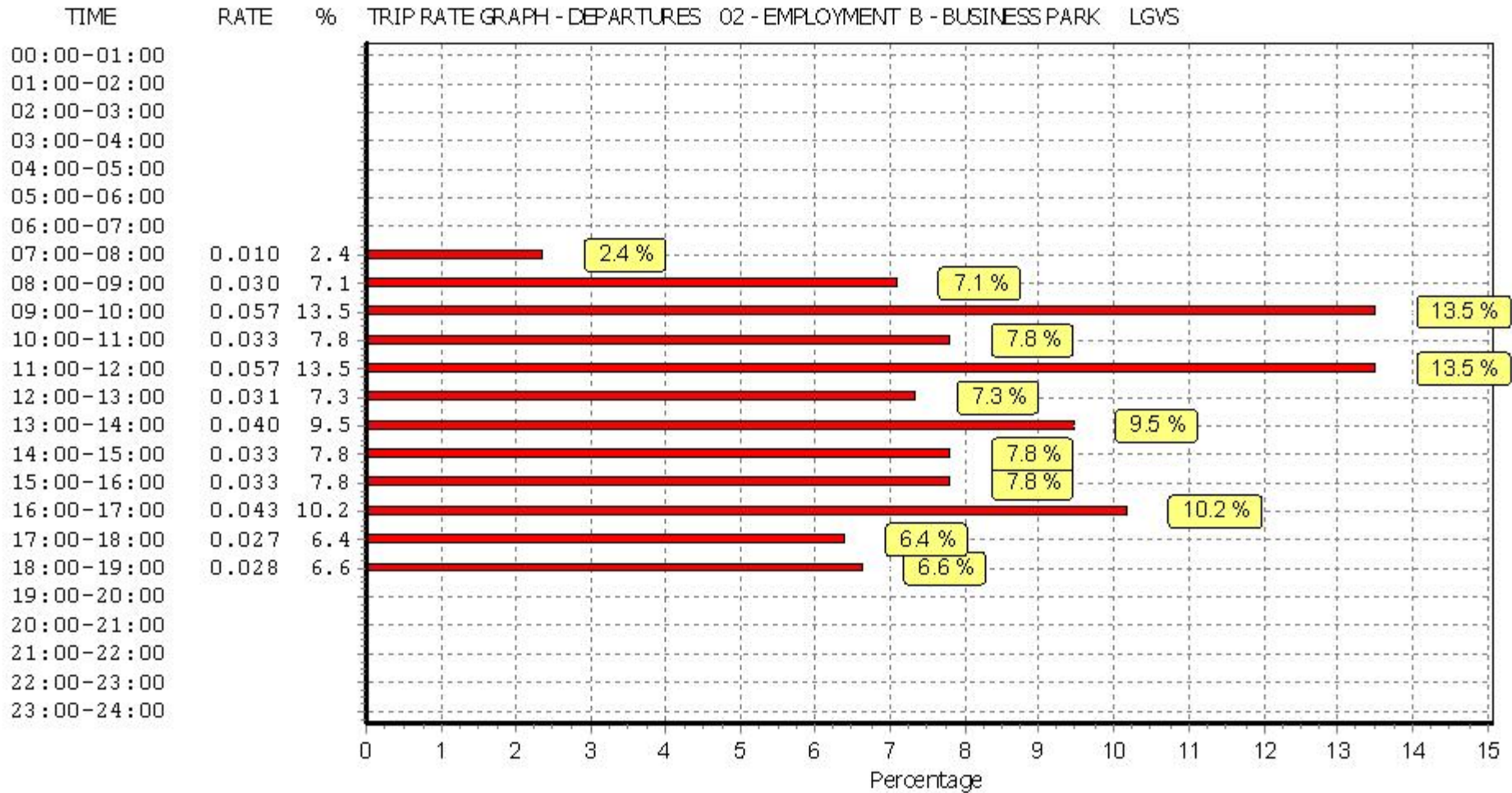
Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	4	17576	0.043	4	17576	0.010	4	17576	0.053
08:00 - 09:00	4	17576	0.061	4	17576	0.030	4	17576	0.091
09:00 - 10:00	4	17576	0.050	4	17576	0.057	4	17576	0.107
10:00 - 11:00	4	17576	0.053	4	17576	0.033	4	17576	0.086
11:00 - 12:00	4	17576	0.047	4	17576	0.057	4	17576	0.104
12:00 - 13:00	4	17576	0.047	4	17576	0.031	4	17576	0.078
13:00 - 14:00	4	17576	0.023	4	17576	0.040	4	17576	0.063
14:00 - 15:00	4	17576	0.033	4	17576	0.033	4	17576	0.066
15:00 - 16:00	4	17576	0.034	4	17576	0.033	4	17576	0.067
16:00 - 17:00	4	17576	0.027	4	17576	0.043	4	17576	0.070
17:00 - 18:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.027	4	17576	0.034
18:00 - 19:00	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.028	4	17576	0.032
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.429			0.422			0.851

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

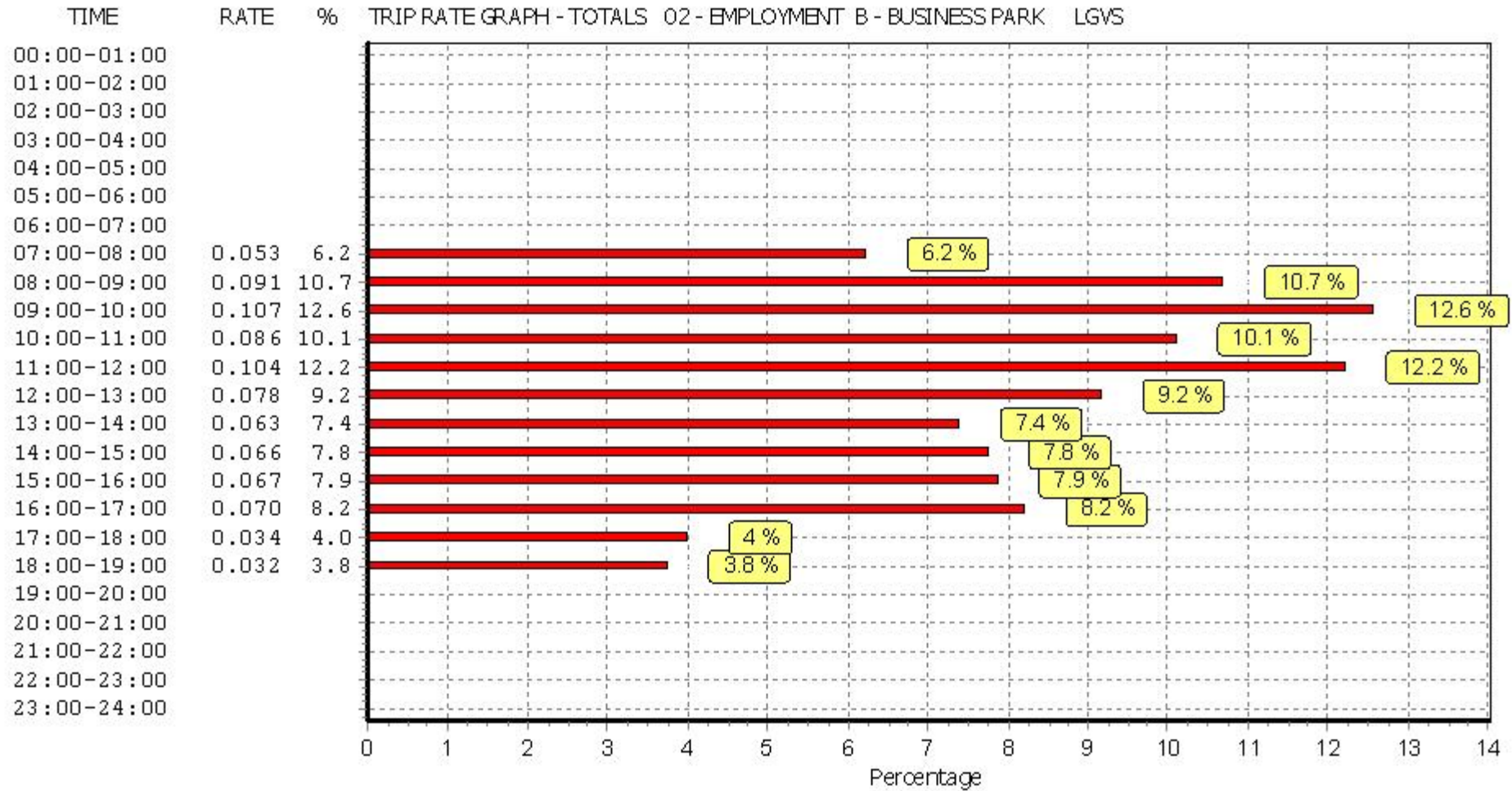
To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: $COUNT/TRP*FACT$. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



This graph is a visual representation of the trip rate calculation results screen. The same time periods and trip rates are displayed, but in addition there is an additional column showing the percentage of the total trip rate by individual time period, allowing peak periods to be easily identified through observation. Note that the type of count and the selected direction is shown at the top of the graph.



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TRIP RATE for Land Use 02 - EMPLOYMENT/B - BUSINESS PARK
MOTOR CYCLES

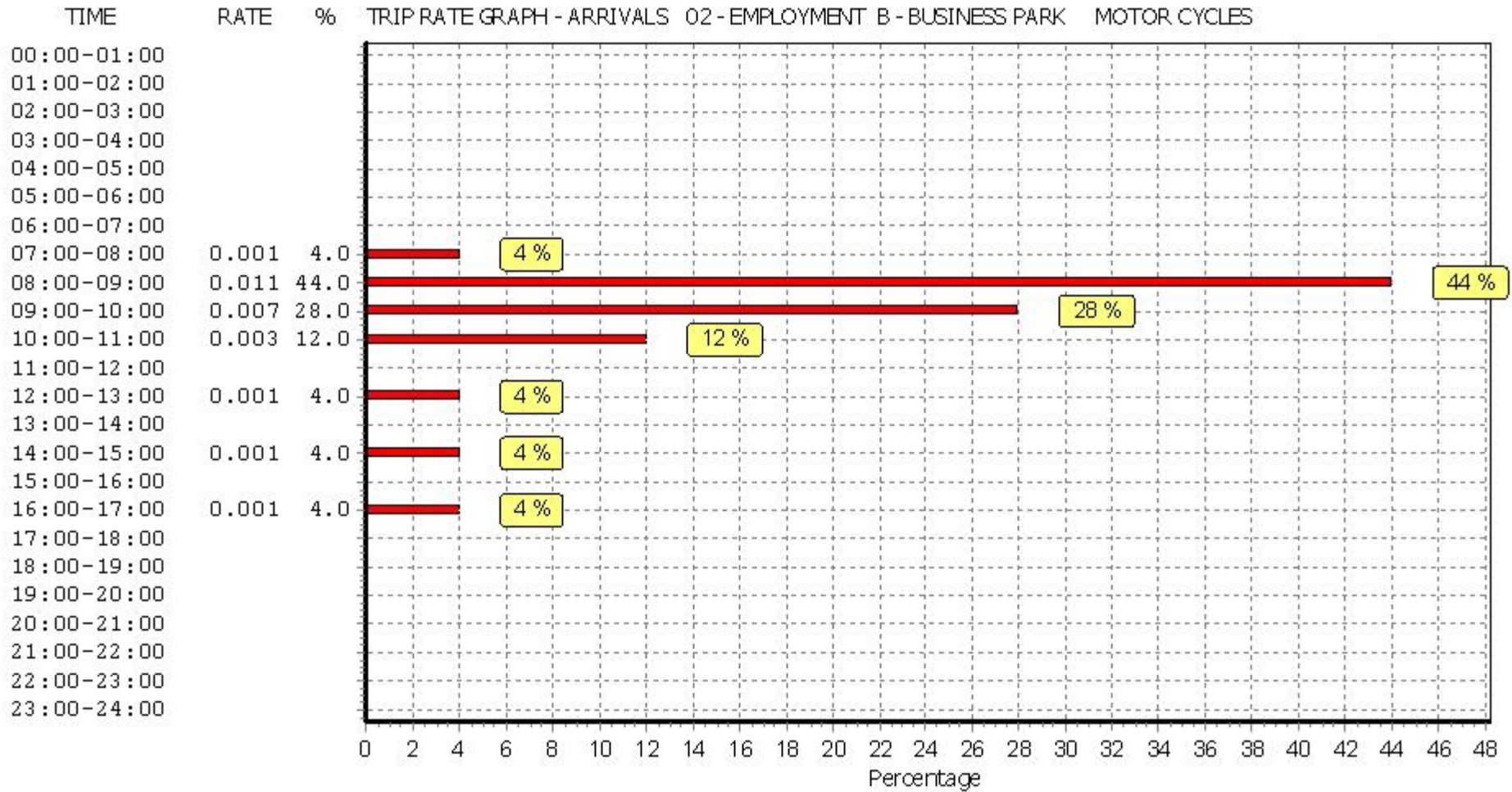
Calculation factor: 100 sqm

BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

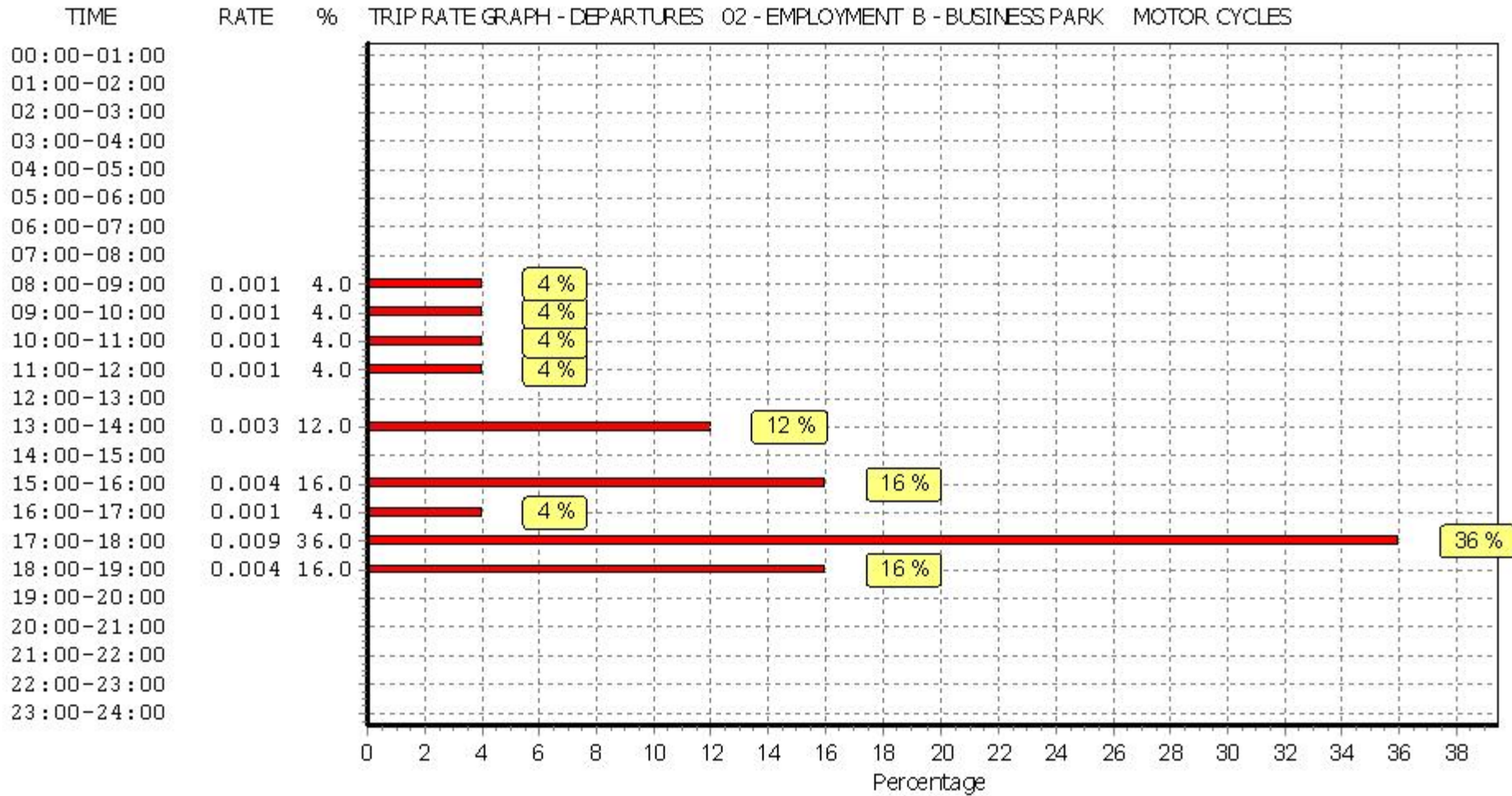
Time Range	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate	No. Days	Ave. GFA	Trip Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.001
08:00 - 09:00	4	17576	0.011	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.012
09:00 - 10:00	4	17576	0.007	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.008
10:00 - 11:00	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.004
11:00 - 12:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001
12:00 - 13:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.001
13:00 - 14:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.003	4	17576	0.003
14:00 - 15:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.001
15:00 - 16:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.004
16:00 - 17:00	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.001	4	17576	0.002
17:00 - 18:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.009	4	17576	0.009
18:00 - 19:00	4	17576	0.000	4	17576	0.004	4	17576	0.004
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.025			0.025			0.050

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

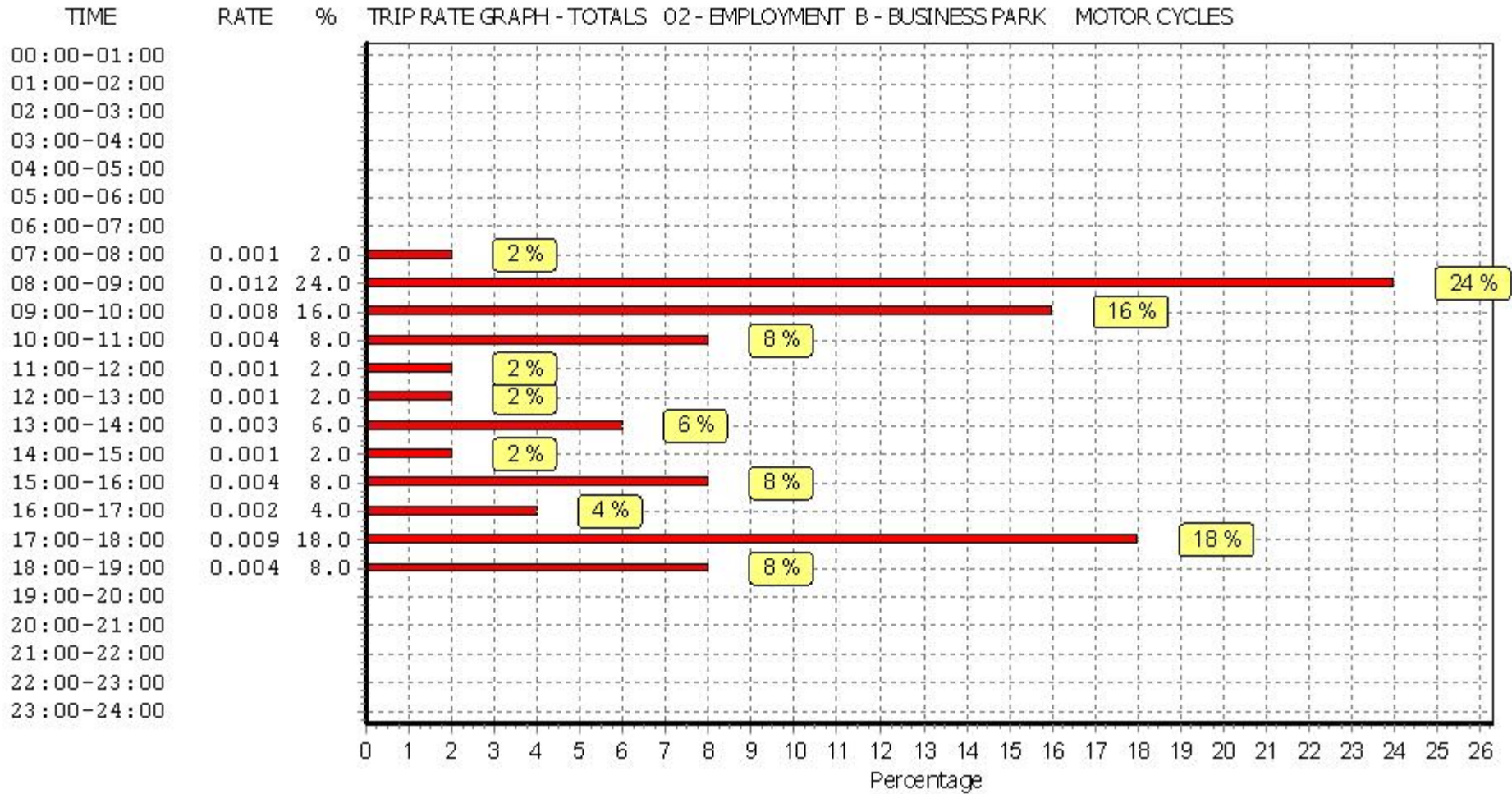
*To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.*



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